

Computer-controlled High Speed Bar Tacking Industrial Sewing Machine

# LK-1900A Series ENGINEER'S MANUAL



40014262 No.E357-00

# PREFACE

This Engineer's Manual is written for the technical personnel who are responsible for the service and maintenance of the machine.

The Instruction Manual for these machines intended for the maintenance personnel and operators at an apparel factory contains operating instructions in detail. And this manual describes "Standard Adjustment", Adjustment Procedures", "Results of Improper Adjustment", and other important information which are not covered in the Instruction Manual.

It is advisable to use the relevant Instruction Manual and Parts List together with this Engineer's Manual when carrying out the maintenance of these machines.

This manual gives the "Standard Adjustment" on the former page under which the most basic adjustment value is described and on the latter page the "Results of Improper Adjustment" under which stitching errors and troubles arising from mechanical failures and "How To Adjust" are described.

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# 1. Specifications

No.	Model name	Application			
	Item	LK-1900A	LK-1901A	LK-1902A	LK-1903A
1	Application	Bartacking	Eyelet buttonhole bartacking	Belt-loop attaching	Lock stitch button sewing
2	Sewing area	X-Direction (right, left	) 40mm; Y-Direction (forw	ard, backward) 30mm	
3	Button size			Type: Round-shaped, flat button ø 8 to ø32mm, Standard (ø8 to ø20mm)	
4	Max. sewing speed	* 3000rpm max. (*2700rpm fo the 2-fold semi-rotary hook)* 3000rpm max. (When sewing pitches are less than 5mm in X-direction and 3.5mm in Y-direction)		* 2700rpm max.	
5	Stitch length		0.1mm to 10.0mm	(adjustable in 0.1mm	step)
6	Feed motion of work clamp foot		intermittent feed (2-	shaft drive by stepping	motor)
7	Meddle bar stroke		41.2mm		45.7mm
8	Needle		DPX5 #14	1	DPX17 #14
		DPX5#11 (F, M) (DPX17#21 heavy-weight material)		(DPX17#21 heavy-weight material)	
9	Work clamp lifting system		Ρ	ulse motor	
10	Lifting (lift) amount of work-clamp foot	Standard 14mm, Max function)	.17mm (In the reverse	e-rotation needle-up	Max. 13mm
11	Number of standard patterns	50 patterns	3 patterns	6 patterns	50 patterns
12	Wiper system		Interlockly with work	clamp foot lifter by puls	se motor
13	Needle thread		Standard: General 0		Standard: Disable 1
	clamp device				(Caution) 1.
14	Needle thread tension	Active tension (electronic thread tension control mechanism)			
15	Hook	Standard semi-rotary hook         Standard semi-rotary hook           (2-fold semi-rotary hook)         Image: Standard semi-rotary hook			
16	Lubrication	Hook : minute-quantity lubrication			
17	Lubricating oil	JUKI NEW Defrix oil (equivalent to ISO VG32) (Lubrication system)			
18	Grease	1. Penetration No. 2 lithium grease, 2. Templex N2, 3. Juki Grease A, 4. Juki Grease B (Caution)2.			
19	Memory medium	EEP-ROM (128Kbyte) EP-ROM (32Kbyte)			
20	Number of stitches that can be stored in memory	Max. 20,000 stitches			
21	Enlarging/Reducing facility	X-Direction, Y-Direction: 20 ~ 200% each (1% step)			
22	Enlarging/Reducing method	Pattern enlarge	ment/reduction can be	e done by increasing/de	ecreasing the stitch length
23	Sewing speed limits	450 ~ 3000rpm (100rpm	step) (2700rpm max. for th	e 2-fold semi-rotary hook)	400 ~ 2700rpm (100rpm step)
24	Material clrawing amount		Max. 3mm		
25	Pattern selector facility		Pattern No. des	signation system (1 ~ 2	00)
26	Bobbin thread counter	Up/Down method (0~9999)			
27	Sewing machine motor	450W compact AC servomotor (direct-drive system)			
28	External dimensions	W: 1200mm, L: 660mm, H: 1100mm (standard table stand applied)			
29	Weight	Machine head (include motor): 42kg, Control box: 16.5kg			
30	Power consumption	320W			
31	Working temperature range	5°C~35°C			
32	Working humidity range	35% ~ 85% (no dew condensation permissible)			

\* Maximum sewing speed should be reduced according to the sewing conditions.

2. Grease type, refer to (3) Greasing parts of [9] Maintenance.

<sup>(</sup>Caution) 1. LK-1903A is set to needle thread clamp prohibited (no motion) with memory switch No. 35 at the time of standard delivery.

# 2. Configuration

(1) Names of main unit



- Sewing machine head
- Work clamp foot
- O Thread stand
- Operation panel
- Over switch
- 6 Control box
- Pedal switch

### (2) Names and explanation of switches on the operation panel



#### • "Ready" key

This key changes over the setting state from the panel to the sewing state where the sewing machine actually operates.

#### Sewing LED

This LED goes off at the time of setting state and lights up at the time of sewing state. Changeover can be performed with "Ready" key.

#### "Reset" key

This key is used for canceling error or returning the set value to the initial value.

#### "Mode" key

This key makes the setting mode of the memory switch.

#### "+ / Feed forward" key, and "- / Feed backward" key

This key is used for changing pattern No. and X/Y scale, and feed forward/feed backward.

#### 6 "Selection" key

This key selects the item to be set. Item selection LED of the selected item and the set value are displayed.

#### Data indication LED

This LED indicates the set values of the selected items such as pattern No., X/Y scale, etc.

# Item selection LED

LEDs of the selected items light up.





Pattern No.



123



Y scale

Max. speed limitation

Sewing counter Bobbin winder



lowering

n foot Thread

Work clamp foot Thread tension

#### Needle thread clamp ON/OFF key

This key selects effective/ineffective of needle thread clamp. When it is effective, needle thread clamp disply LED lights up. (Note) 1.

#### Needle thread clamp display LED

When this LED lights up, needle threas clamp operaters.

#### Pattern registration key

This key registers the pattern. When this key is pressed, the pattern registered here can sew immediately.

X/Y scale, sewing position, ets. can be changed and registered.

# (Note) 1. LK-1903A is set to needle thread clamp prohibited (no motion) with memory switch No. 35 at the time of standard delivery.

# 3. Standard adjustment

# (1) Main shaft connection/disconnection

#### Procedures of disassembling

- 1. Loosen the set screw 2 of the main shaft counterbalance 1 through the screwdriver hole A, then remove the taper screw 3.
- Loosen the two set screws (4) (through the screwdriver hole B), and also the two each of (5) and (6). At that time, loosen the second set screw first. The first set screw should be removed completely from the flat part of the main shaft (7).
- Remove the main shaft motor ③.
   Refer to "(2) Removal of the main shaft motor and coupling."
- 4. Loosen the two set screws (1).
  Pay attention to possible injury at that time because the balancer (1) begins to turn when the set screw (1) is loosened.
- Loosen the two set screws ②.
   At that time, the first set screw of the set screw ③ should be removed completely from the flat part of the main shaft ⑦.
- 6. Loosen the two set screws (3) and the two set screws (3).
- 7. Draw out the main shaft **()** in the direction of the Arrow C.



#### Procedures of assembling

- 1. Insert the crank rod (), balancer (), hand pulley gear A (), bobbin winder driver wheel (), and the main shaft counterbalance () in the main shaft () in this order, and mount the assembly on the frame.
- 2. Insert the taper screw ③ in the taper hole of the main shaft, and tighten it. Then, tighten the set screw ② to fix the main shaft counterbalance ①.
- Lightly press the main shaft counterbalance 1 in the direction of the arrow D and also the middle metal 1 in the direction of the arrow E. Then, tighten the two set screws 3.
   (Tighten the first screw so that it touches flatly on the main shaft 7. Then, tighten the second one. Same procedures followed hereafter.)
- 4. Tighten the two each set screws ④ and ⑤, respectively. (Make sure that the first screw touches flatly on the main shaft ⑦.)
- 5. Push the hand pulley **(a)** in the direction of the arrow F so that the hand pulley gear A **(b)** is meshed with that the hand pulley gear B **(b)**. In this state, fix the pulley with the two set screws **(b)**.
- 6. Mount the main shaft motor ③ and the coupling ④. Refer to [(2) Removal of the main shaft motor and coupling].
- 7. Fix the crank rod () with the two set screws (). Refer to [(3) Crank connecting rod connection/disconnection].
- 8. Fix the balancer () with the two set screws ((). Refer to [(4) Crank balancer positioning].
- 9. Fix the bobbin winder driver wheel **()** with the two set screws **()**. Refer to [(29) Adjustment of the bobbin winder driving wheel position].
  - \* Try to turn the main shaft and confirm that there is no torque.

# (2) Removal of the main shaft motor and coupling

#### Procedures of disassembling

- Removal of the main shaft motor together with coupling Loosen the two set screws (5) on the main shaft side of the coupling (2). Then, remove the four motor set screws (4).
- 2. To remove the coupling **2** from the main shaft motor **3**, loosen the two set screws **3** on the main shaft side.

(Caution) Turn the main shaft ① in the direction of forward rotation ③. The screw (hole) that can be seen first is the No. 1 screw. Loosen the screws, starting with the No. 2 screw. Tightening should be done, starting with the No. 1 screw.





#### Procedures of assembling

- 1. Mounting of the main shaft motor together with the coupling
- 1) Tighten the four motor set screws (). Then, tighten the two set screws () on the main shaft side of the coupling ().
- 2) The cords of the main shaft motor ③ should be positioned in the sidewise direction.
- 2. Incorporation of the coupling in the main shaft motor
- 1) Provide a clearance of 0.5mm between the coupling **2** and the main shaft motor **8**.
- 2) Apply the No. 1 screw (5) of the coupling (2) to the shaft flat section of the main shaft motor (3), and fix it.
- 3. Meshing of the coupling
- Apply the set screw (a) (No. 1 screw) of the main shaft motor side to the section between the two set screws
   (a) of the main shaft, and get them meshed.

#### Procedures of disassembling

- 1. Remove the two set screws 1 and four set screws 1. Then take out the lengthwise feed motor 2 and the crosswise feed motor mounting plate 3.
- 2. Loosen the three set screws ④ and the two set screws ⑤. At that time, the second screws should be loosened first for the set screws ④ and ⑤. The first screws of the set screws ④ and ⑤ should be arranged so that they can come completely off the flat section of the oscillator shaft ⑥.
- 3. Pull out the oscillator shaft () in the direction of the arrow A.
- 4. Remove the main shaft (according to [(1) Main shaft connection/ disconnection]. Then, take out the crank rod unit (b.



#### Procedures of assembling

- 1. Mount the main shaft 🔊 according to [(1) Main shaft connection/ disconnection]. Assemble the crank rod unit 🕲.
- Adjust the clearance to 34.1 ~ 34.6mm between the under-cam ③ of the crank rod unit ④ and Plane B (middle metal bearing mounting plane) of the frame. Fix the cam with the set screw ⑤.
   (Tighten the first screw so that it touches flatly on the main shaft ⑦. Then, tighten the second one. Same procedures followed hereafter.)
- 3. Mount the frame while the oscillator (1) is passed through the oscillator shaft (3).
- 4. Pass the thrust collar ① through the oscillator shaft ③. Lightly push the oscillator shaft ③ in the direction of the arrow C and the thrust collar ① in the direction of the arrow D. Tighten the two set screws ④. (Make sure that the first screw touches flatly on the oscillator shaft ⑤.)
- 5. Fix the large pendulum () according to [(6) Oscillator gear positioning].
- Mount the lengthwise feed motor ② and the crosswise feed motor mounting plate ③, using the two set screws ① and four set screws ③.
   Refer to [(26) Adjusting the position of the X feed motor and the Y feed motor (Adjusting the backlash of the driving gear)].
- (Cautions) 1. Try to turn the main shaft and confirm that there is no torque.
  - 2. In the case of connection/disconnection or positioning of the crank rod unit (2) or positioning of the oscillator (1), grease-up treatment is always needed for the specified places (2 positions) and the gear area E of the oscillator (1).
  - 3. After the completion of positioning of the crank rod unit (2) (under-cam (3)), actions must be taken, without fail, according to [(6) Oscillator gear positioning]. Inadequate positioning of the under-cam (3) and the oscillator (1) can cause of the frictional wear or lock-up.

# (4) Crank balancer positioning

#### Standard Adjustment

#### [Rotating direction]

When the needle bar ③ lowers and the clearance between the needle bar connecting ④ and the needle bar bushing, lower ⑤ is 4.6mm, the two set screws ⑦ of the crank balancer ⑥ assume the horizontal condition.

#### [Axial direction]

Keep the close contact with the main shaft eccentric cam (3) and the crank balancer (6).



#### (5) Lower shaft backlash adjustment and connection/disconnection

#### **Standard Adjustment**

- 1. Size of lower shaft backlash is 0.1mm at the tip of the driver ③. The shaft is required to rotate smoothly.
- 2. Define the stop position of the lower shaft (6) so that the set screw (7) settles almost in the center of the flat section (8) of the lower shaft (6).



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
If the main shaft eccentric cam ③ is not fixed, this adjustment should be carried out after defining its position and fixing it.	o If the angle for fixing the crank balancer <b>6</b> is inadequate,
1. Loosen the two set screws $oldsymbol{O}$ of the crank balancer $oldsymbol{G}$ .	vibration of sewing machine operation will be intensified.
2. Using the four set screws <b>2</b> , remove the crank rod cover <b>1</b> .	o If the sewing machine is used for
<ul> <li>3. Turn the main shaft in the direction of forward rotation (2) so that the needle bar (3) lowers and the clearance between the needle bar connecting (4) and the needle bar bushing, lower (3) is 4.6mm.</li> </ul>	a long time while the fixing posi- tion is inadequate, the operational life of the main shaft bearing may
<ul> <li>4. In the state that the two set screws  of the crank balancer  sasume the horizontal condition and they are moved in the direction of the arrow mark  , keep the close contact with the main shaft eccentric cam  and tighten the two set screws  . When tightening these two set screws  , the screws should be tightened reciprocally.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>be shortened.</li> <li>o If the crank balancer () is not moved in the direction of the arrow mark (), there may be interference with the sewing machine frame.</li> </ul>

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
1. Lower shaft backlash	<ul> <li>If the backlash is excessive, the book poise will be increased</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>Loosen the two set screws ●.</li> <li>Turn the lower shaft rear metal ② in the direction of the arrow and adjust the backlash, keeping the metal to contact closely with Face A. Size of backlash is 0.1mm at the tip of the driver ⑤. The shaft is required to rotate smoothly.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>o If backlash is too small, the lower shaft gear ③ or the oscillator ④ will give rise to frictional wear. In addition, this can be a cause of crank rod lock-up.</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>3) Tighten the two set screws ●.</li> <li>(Caution) When eliminate the backlash, the direction of rotation should always be kept in the direction of the arrow.</li> </ol>	o If the front or rear position of the lower shaft rear metal <b>2</b> is dis- placed at the time of backlash
2. Lower shaft connection/disconnection	cause of the lock-up of oscilator
1) Loosen the two set screws 🕢.	or the crank rod.
<ol> <li>The lower shaft  can be taken out if it is pulled in the direction </li> <li>of the arrow.</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>3) When mounting the lower shaft ③, insert it in the lower shaft rear metal ② and the lower shaft gear ③. Apply one of the set screws</li> <li>⑦ to the flat section ③ of the lower shaft ⑤ and tighten it approximately in the center. Tighten the remaining set screw ⑦.</li> </ul>	
* Connection and disconnection of the lower shaft ③ become easy if the above-mentioned backlash has been relieved in advance. In this case, backlash adjustment must be done after the lower shaft ④ has been installed.	

# (6) Oscillator gear positioning



# (7) Adjustment of hook oil amount



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Loosen the two set screws (a) and increase the backlash of the lower shaft gear (a).</li> <li>(Caution) 1. If the lower shaft gear (a) has insufficient backlash, the oscillator (a) does not swing correctly. In such a case, refer to [(5) Lower shaft backlash adjustment and connection/disconnection] and provide a sufficient backlash.</li> <li>The three set screws (b) should have been loosened in advance. In this case, the second screw of the set screws (b) should be loosened first. Then, the first one can be loosened.</li> <li>Lightly swing the whole body of the oscillator (b) with a finger in the direction of the arrow. Decide the positioning of the oscillator (c) so that it stays in the center of swinging.</li> <li>Loosen the three set screws (c) and then fix them so that the oscillator (c) is not displaced from the center of swinging.</li> <li>Loosen the three set screws (c) and then fix them so that the oscillator (c) is not displaced from the center of swinging.</li> <li>Loosen the three set screws (c) and then fix them so that the oscillator (c) is not displaced from the center of swinging.</li> <li>Loosen the three set screws (c) and then fix them so that the oscillator (c) is not displaced from the center of swinging.</li> <li>Loosen the three set screws (c) and then fix them so that the oscillator shaft (c). Then, tighten the second one.)</li> <li>Make backlash adjustment for the lower shaft gear (c), according to [(5) Lower shaft backlash adjustment and connection/ disconnection].</li> <li>(Cautions) 1. In the case of disassembly and adjustment, grease-up treatment is always needed for the specified places (2 positions) and the gear area A of the oscillator (c).</li> <li>When the crank rod (under-cam) is removed, actions for under-cam positioning must be taken, without fail. Refer to [(3) Crank connecting rod connection/ disconnection].</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>If the position for fixing the oscillator ② is inadequate, this can also be a cause of the frictional wear or lock-up of the oscillator pin, crank rod lid, undercam, and the crank rod.</li> </ul>

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment	
1. Loosen the set screw 1 and remove it.	o If the amount of hook lubricant is	
<ol> <li>When the adjusting screw          is tightened, the quantity of oil can be regulated for the lubrication pipe left         4.</li> </ol>	cause of frictional wear of the hook race plane or lock-up.	
3. After adjustments, tighten the set screw ① to fix it.		
<ul> <li>(Cautions) 1. In the state of standard shipping, the hook lubrication reducer () is positioned so that it is lightly tightened and then return-loosened by 4 turns.</li> <li>2. When reducing the oil amount, the screw should not be tightened up fully. Tighten the hook lubrication reducer () and then return it by two turns. In this position, wait for half a day to see how it goes. Too much reduction can be a cause of hook wear.</li> </ul>		

# (8) Large hook connection / disconnection and oil wick piping



(9) Adjusting the height of the needle bar



#### Procedures of assembling

- 1. Pass the two lubrication pipes (6) and the oil drain pipe (7) through the frame, and mount the shuttle (8).
- 2. Hold the lubrication pipe (6) with the lubrication pipe holder plate (8) and fix it with the set screw (1).

At that time, make sure not to let the lubrication pipe <sup>(6)</sup> come in contact with the thread cutter connector rod.

- Pass the lubrication pipe (a) through the cord clamp (b) and fix it with the set screw (1)
   At that time, the needle thread clamp sensor cord (b) should be passed beneath the lubrication pipe (a) and the oil drain pipe (a).
   If the needle thread clamp sensor cord (b) is located above them, this can be a cause of abrasion or cable breakage in the crosswise feed main (b).
- 4. Using the harness band ② and the lubrication pipe holder ③, stretch and fix the lubrication pipe ⑤ along the wall side of the frame.
  At that time, make sure not to permit the lubrication pipe ⑥ to touch the needle thread clamp connector link.
- 5. Bundle the needle thread clamp sensor cord (6), the lubrication pipe (6), and the oil drain pipe (7) with the harness band (8).
- 6. Pass the two oil drain pipes 6 through the cord clamp (9) and fix them with the set screw (1).
- Insert the two oil drain pipes (part B) in the oil tank . Fix the oil tank to the frame with the set screw .
- 8. Fix the oil drain pipe 🕑 to the rear side by means of the cord clamp.
- 9. Fix the shuttle (3) and mount the driver (9). Refer to [(10) Hook adjustment].
- \* Harness bands **2** and **3** : Part No. EA9500B0100

Adjustment Procedures Results of	of Improper Adjustment
edle bar ① to the lowest position of its storoke. Loosen needle ection screw ② and adjust so that upper marker line ④ engraved eedle bar aligns with the bottom end of needle bar bushing	
After the adjustment, make sure that there is no uneven torque.	
stitch skipping occurs in accordance with the sewing condi- adjust the height of the needle bar so as to lower it by 0.5 to rom the neddle bar engraved line ④.	
After the adjustment, make sure that there is no uneven torque. stitch skipping occurs in accordance with the sewing condi- adjust the height of the needle bar so as to lower it by 0.5 to rom the neddle bar engraved line ④.	

# (10) Hook adjustment



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Turn the handwheel by hand. When needle bar 1 has gone up, adjust so that lower marker line 2 engraved on the needle bar aligns with the bottom end of the needle bar bushing 3, lower.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Loosen setscrew 4 in the driver 9. Open inner hook pressers 5 to the right and left, and remove inner hook presser 6.</li> </ol>	
(Caution) At this time be careful not to let inner hook 🕢 come off and fall.	
<ol> <li>Adjust so that the blade point of inner hook aligns with the center of needle and that a clearance of 0 mm is provided between the front end of the driver and the needle as the front end face of driver receives the needle to prevent the needle from being bent. Then tighten setscrew a of the driver set.</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>4. Loosen setscrew () of the shuttle, and adjust the longitudinal position of the shuttle. To do this adjustment, turn shuttle race adjusting shaft () clockwise or counterclockwise to provide a 0.05 to 0.1 mm clearance between needle () and the blade point of inner hook ().</li> </ul>	
<ol> <li>After adjusting the longitudinal position of the shuttle, further adjust to provide a 7.5 mm clearance between the needle ③ and the shuttle by adjusting the rotating direction. Then tighten setscrew ④ of the shuttle.</li> </ol>	
(Caution) Apply a small amount of oil to race section ① and oil wick ②, and use the sewing machine after an extended period of disuse or cleaning the periphery of hook portion.	

# (11) Thread trimmer cam position adjustment and connection / disconnection

#### Procedures of disassembling

- 1. Loosen the two set screws 2 of the thread trimmer cam (cam hereafter) 1.
- 2. Loosen the two set screws (2) and remove the sensor slit (3).
- 3. Remove the four set screws **③** and take out the presser lifting motor **⑥** in the direction of the arrow. In some cases, the bearing 🕢 and the motor shaft seem to be tightly coupled. Pull out the motor shaft in the direction of the arrow straightforward in order not to hurt the bearing **⑦**. At that time, the cam 1 may come down. Handle it with care, not to damage it.





## (12) Thread trimmer and presser foot origin sensor adjustment



#### Procedures of assembling

- 1. Apply a proper amount of grease (Juki Grease A) to the grooved cam block of the cam ①, the peripheral cam block, and the rollers of the presser bar lifter link ③ and the thread trimmer link ④. Refer to "9.-(4) Parts to which grease is applied."
- While the cam ① is being inserted in the shaft of the presser lifting motor ③, mount the assembly on the sewing machine frame and tighten the four set screws ⑤. The insertion of the cam should be done gently in order not to hurt the bearing ⑦.
- 3. Clearance B toward the presser bar lifter link ③ and Clearance A toward the thread trimmer link ④ should be equally distributed. For this purpose, adjust the position of the cam ① and fix it with the use of the two set screws ④. (Apply the screws to the flat section at both ends of the shaft.)
  \* If it is difficult to examine Clearance B. Clearance A should be educted to 0.5 mm = 0.7 mm during easembly.
- \* If it is difficult to examine Clearance B, Clearance A should be adjusted to 0.5mm ~ 0.7mm during assembly.
- 4. Mount the sensor slit ③ with the two set screws ④ so that the end plane of the motor shaft can approximately coincide with that of the sensor slit ③. (Join the flat section for installation.)
  \* Confirm that the slit plate of the sensor slit ④ does not interfere with the presser bar lifter sensor.
- 5. Refer to "(12) Thread trimmer and presser foot origin sensor adjustment" and make sensor adjustments.

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
1. Start the test mode CP-6.	o If there is no coincidence of the
2. Tread on the pedal for the retrieval of the thread trimmer and presser bar lifter (cam) origin.	standard holes, such a condition is regarded as a thread cutting
<ol> <li>Using a bar ④ or the like, confirm that the standard holes ④ and B of the sewing machine frame coincide with the standard hole ⑥ of the thread trimmer and presser bar lifter cam ①.</li> </ol>	of trouble in thread breakage or unthreading at the beginning of sewing.
4. If the standard hole ③ of the thread trimmer and presser bar lifter cam ① stays in the upper ③ direction, loosen the set screw ② to move the sensor mounting plate ③ in the lower ① direction and then fix it. If the standard hole ④ of the thread trimmer and presser bar lifter cam ① stays in the lower ① direction, loosen the set screw ② to move the sensor mounting plate ③ in the upper ④ direction and then fix it. After the sensor mounting plate ③ in the upper ④ direction and then fix it. After the sensor mounting plate ④ has been fixed, tread on the pedal for the retrieval of the thread trimmer and presser bar lifter (cam) origin to confirm whether the standard holes coincide with each other.	
5. Repeat the above steps 2 to 4 until the coincidence is confirmed.	
(Caution) Confirm that there is no mutual interference between the sensor slit plate ③ and the sensor before tightening the set screw ②.	

# (13) Adjusting the lift of the work clamp foot



# (14) Adjusting the thread trimmer sensor



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>With the machine in stop mode, remove six setscrews ① of the top cover, and take off top cover ②.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Apply L-shaped wrench (3) to socket bolt (5) of clamp (4), and loosen the socket bolt.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Push down L-shaped wrench          to increase the lift of the work clamp hoot, or pull it up to decrease the lift.     </li> </ol>	
4. After the adjustment, securely tighten socket bolt (3).	
<ul> <li>5. If the right and left work clamp feet are not levelled, loosen fixing screw  and adjust the position of the work clamp foot lever support plate  bits to level them.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>(Caution) At this time, be careful not to cause work clamp foot lever support plate ③ to interfere with feed bracket ⑤.</li> <li>If the work clamp foot levers support plate interferes with the wiper, readjust the height of the wiper using setscrew ⑥ in the wiper installing base.</li> </ul>	

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Start the test mode CP-6.</li> <li>Tread on the pedal to perform origin retrieval for the thread trimmer cam. (Confirm that the origin is in the correct position. Then, proceed to the procedures shown below. Refer to "(12) Thread trimmer and presser foot origin sensor adjustment.")</li> <li>Press the ] key ④. Confirm that the display ① of the operation panel is changed over from [10] → [00] when the key is pressed within the</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>o If the thread trimmer sensor changeover takes place outside the range, the moving knife may interfere with the needle. This will be a cause of injury or the breakage of parts.</li> <li>o If the thread trimmer sensor changeover does not take place, Error 305 occurs and the sewing</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>range of 6 to 8 times.</li> <li>4. If the display changeover occurs deviating from the range of 6 times to 8 times, or if the display changeover does not occur at all, loosen the set screw 2 and make fine adjustments of the sensor slit 3 in the directions of the arrow.</li> <li>5. After the sensor slit 3 has been fixed, tread on the pedal and make origin retrieval for the thread trimmer cam. Examine the sensor changeover position in the steps 3 and 4 above.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>and the sensing machine fails to start operating.</li> <li>If the sensor slit (3) has no clearance against the sensor (5), this can be a cause of destruction in the sensor slit (3) or the sensor (5).</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(Caution) During adjustments, check the clearances A, B, and C of the sensor slit ③ and the sensor ⑤. If the clearances seem to be insufficient, use the set screws ④ and ⑤ to correct the gradient. While taking this action, continue to work on the steps above.</li> </ul>	

# (15) Adjustment of the moving knife and counter knife position



## (16) Adjusting the height of the moving knife and counter knife



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
Adjustment Procedures  1. Counter knife position Loosen the counter knife set screw ① to adjust the position.  2. Moving knife position Loosen the screw ② to adjust the position.  (Cautions)1. In normal operation, the moving knife ③ passes in- side the needle hole guide ④, as illustrated in ④.  2. The throat plate ④ is the appropriate item for the LK-1900A Series (40006721).	<ul> <li>Results of Improper Adjustment</li> <li>If the clearance is less than 0.5mm, thread may be cut by the counter knife S blade when the thread is pulled with the moving knife S. In this case, upper and lower threads are cut into short pieces.</li> <li>If the clearance is more than 0.5mm, the residual thread length after thread cutting operation becomes longer beneath the work.</li> </ul>

				1
		Adjustment Procedures		Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Adjusting the height of the moving knife Adjustments should be based on the plate thickness of the washer</li> <li>in the above illustration. If the height seems to be inadequate, select and use the parts as specified below.</li> </ol>			<ul> <li>o If the step is too small (0.25 ~ 0.3mm) between the moving 3 and counter 5 knives, trouble in thread cutting may occur.</li> <li>o If the step is too large (0.1 ~</li> </ul>	
	Part No.	Name of part	Thickness	0.15mm) between the needle hole
	B242328000A	Moving knife washer	0.4mm	guide 🕝 and the counter knife 🕄,
	B242328000B	Moving knife washer	0.5mm	thread may be cut by the counter
	B242328000C	Moving knife washer	0.6mm	pulled with the moving knife (3).
	B242328000D	Moving knife washer	0.7mm	In this case, upper and lower
	B242328000E	Moving knife washer	0.8mm	threads are cut into short pieces.
2)	Adjusting the heigh Adjust the height by	t of the counter knife y prying Part 🛯 with a scr	ewdriver or the like.	

# (17) Inclination of the blade point of the counter knife



# (18) Floating amount of the thread tension disk



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment	
<ol> <li>If the thread on Side <sup>B</sup> cannot be cut, grind Side <sup>O</sup>. If the thread on Side <sup>O</sup> cannot be cut, grind Side <sup>B</sup>.</li> </ol>	o When less than 0.2mm Thread on Side <b> </b>	
(Caution) When grinding the side, make the angle more acuter than 90 degrees.	o When more than 0.2mm Thread on Side B cannot be cut.	
Secure an acute angle.		

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Turn off the power supply and look for any close contact between the AT solenoid ① and the thrust collar ②.</li> </ol>	o If the amount of disc floating is too less, the residual thread length
<ul><li>2. Loosen the three set screws ③ and remove the thread tension cap</li><li>④.</li></ul>	when the thread is thick.
<ol> <li>Hold the tension releasing pin adjust collar 6 not to let it rotate, and loosen the nut 6.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>If the amount of disc floating is too much, the tension discs cannot close completely and normal</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>Turn the tension releasing pin adjust collar ⑤ and adjust the gap between the thread tension discs ⑦. (Adjustment of thread tension disc floating)</li> </ol>	thread tension may fail to be cho- sen. This can be a cause of im- perfect sewing.
<ol> <li>Hold the tension releasing pin adjust collar  and tighten the nut .</li> <li>Mount the thread tension cap  by means of the set screw .</li> </ol>	
6. Turn on the power supply and set up the thread tension. Confirm that the thread tension discs ② are closed.	

# (19) Second thread tension connection / disconnection

#### Procedures of disassembling /assembling

- 1. Loosen the set screw **2**.
- 2. Remove the two set screw 4.
- 3. Move the AT link unit (front) ③ downwards (in the direction of the Arrow ④), and pull out the pin block ⑤ from the hole of the thread tension releasing pin ⑥ of the second thread tension ①.
- 4. Pull out the second thread tension ① to remove it. (Arrow ③)
- 5. For reassembly, follow the steps of 4) to 1) above.







#### Cautions for disassembly and reassembly

- 1. When pulling out the second thread tension ①, confirm that the pin block ⑤ of the AT link unit (front) ⑥ has been displaced from the hole of the thread tension releasing pin ⑥. If this action is taken forcedly with the pin block ⑤ left connected, this can be a cause of breaking the second thread tension ①.
- When tightening the set screw ④, this fixing action should be taken after the AT link unit (front) ④ has been moved to the left side (in the direction of the arrow ④). If it is not moved to the left side (in the direction of the arrow ④), the amount of tension disc floating may fail to be adjusted normally.
- 3. After reassembly, follow the steps for the adjustment of thread tension disc floating and thread take-up spring stroke. (Refer to the instruction manual.)

# (20) AT unit connection / disconnection

#### Procedures of disassembling /assembling

- 1. Remove the set screw 2 of the AT link unit (front) 1 and take out the second thread tension 3. ((19) Refer to "Second thread tension connection / disconnection.")
- Draw out the cotter pin () from the pin block () of the AT link unit (rear) (). Be careful not to drop the washer () at that time.
   \* Work becomes easier if the main shaft motor is removed.

3. Lift the joint block ③ of the AT unit upwards and take it off the pin block ⑤ of the AT link unit (rear) ④.

- 4. Draw out the AT link unit (front) 1 from the plane side (in the direction of the arrow 3) and remove it.
- 5. Remove the two set screws (9) and take out the AT solenoid unit (0).
- 6. For reassembly, follow the steps of 5. to 1. above.







#### Cautions for disassembly and reassembly

- 1. When incorporating the AT solenoid unit (1), the solenoid cable (1) should be laid beside the AT solenoid. If this solenoid cable (1) is positioned in the vicinity of the AT link unit (rear) (2), this will be a cause of AT solenoid malfunction.
- 2. The center-to-center distance is 358mm between the AT joints ③ of the AT connector rod ④. In cases of disassembly and reassembly of the AT joints ③, the center-to-center distance must be secured correctly. In addition, the parallelism of the two front and rear joints ③ must also be secured, without fail. If the correct distance and parallelism are lost, this can be a cause of AT malfunction and normal sewing tension cannot be obtained.
- 3. Upon the completion of all reassembly work, confirm that there is a close contact between the thrust collar (3) and the AT solenoid unit (0). If any clearance is perceived, loosen the two set screws (3) and assemble the AT solenoid unit (1) after it has been moved to the left side (in the direction of the arrow (5)).
  - \* If the above-mentioned center-to-center distance is great between the AT joints (3), the clearance will be opened wider.



## (21) Position of the mechanical origin



# (22) Adjusting the Y origin sensor



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
1. The position of the mechanical origin is shown in the illustration at left.	o The maximum area cannot be secured.
<ol> <li>In the horizontal direction, the needle hole center ① <center feed="" fulcrum="" horizontal="" of="" shaft="" the="" ②=""> and the center of the vertical feed fulcrum shaft ③ are aligned on a straight line.</center></li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Adjustments should be carried out according to 1) (22) Adjusting the Y origine sensor and (23) Adjusting the X origin sensor.</li> </ol>	

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
1. Select the test mode No. 2 (CP-2) origin retrieval.	
<ul> <li>2. Origin retrieval is conducted each time the pedal is trodden on. Loosen the sensor slit set screw ① and shift the position of the sensor slit plate ②. Apply the work feed plate to the origin position. Refer to " (21) Position of the mechanical origin."</li> </ul>	
(Caution) After adjustments, confirm that the sensor slit plate Ø does not interfere with the sensor <b>③</b> .	

# (23) Adjusting the X origin sensor



# (24) Adjusting the wiper position


Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
1. Select the test mode No. 2 (CP-2) origin retrieval.	
<ul> <li>2. Origin retrieval is conducted each time the pedal is trodden on.</li> <li>Loosen the sensor slit set screw ① and shift the position of the sensor slit plate ②. Apply the work feed plate to the origin position.</li> <li>Refer to " (21) Position of the mechanical origin."</li> </ul>	
(Caution) After adjustments, confirm that the sensor slit plate ② does not interfere with the sensor ③.	

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment		
<ol> <li>Loosen the screw          • to adjust the clearance between the wiper          and the needle so that this clearance attains 1.5mm or more. Loosen</li> </ol>	o If Distance A is too small, the presser bar may tread on the		
<ol> <li>Loosen the screw 1 to adjust Distance A between the wiper 2 end plane and the needle center until this distance attains the values speci- fied below. After adjustments, tighten the screw 1 firmly.</li> </ol>	bar is lowered. At that time, the needle thread may be caught by the wiper <b>2</b> and the needle may		
Distance A between the needle center and the wiper ② end plane (Amm) Other thanLK-1903A : 23mm to 25mm LK-1903A only : 15mm to 17mm	be broken. In particular, this must be taken into consideration when a thin needle (#11 or less) is used.		
* The needle stays in the position of the end of sewing and stop.			

## (25) Adjusting the wiper spring (LK-1903A only)



## (26) Adjusting the position of the X feed motor and the Y feed motor (Adjusting the backlash of the driving gear)



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ul> <li>After thread cutting, the wiper spring ① is used to hold the needle thread with the aid of the wiper ②. Adjust the wiper spring ① and fix it with the set screw ③ so that the intensity of the spring force becomes 30g (somewhat stronger than that of the bobbin thread that is protruded from the bobbin case).</li> <li>1. Remove the set screw ③ and take out the wiper spring ① from the wiper ②.</li> <li>2. Adjust the wiper spring ① and mount it on the wiper ② again by means of the screw ③.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>(Caution) 1. If the holding force is too strong, the thread may be protruded above the button.</li> <li>2. If the holding force is insufficient, needle thread castoff may occur.</li> <li>3. If the wiper spring ① position is inadequate, the needle thread cannot be held correctly and this can be a cause of needle breakage.</li> </ul>	

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment		
<ol> <li>Loosen the two set screws ② and four set screws ③ of the Y feed motor ① and the two set screws ④ of the X feed motor mounting plate ⑤.</li> </ol>	o If the pressing force is insufficient, feed gear backlash becomes too much and needle location		
<ul> <li>2. Pressing it in the direction of the arrow , tighten the two upper set screws in the first place. Then, tighten the two remaining set screws</li> <li>and another two set screws , X feed motor mounting plate .</li> </ul>	accuracy may be decreased. This can also be a cause of feed error, needle breakage, etc.		
<ol> <li>Loosen the four set screws for the X feed motor 6. Pressing it in the direction of the arrow B, tighten the set screw for.</li> </ol>			

## (27) Installing the feed plate support plate



## (28) Installation of the feeder bar rear cover



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment	
1. Loosen the Y feed arm ④ set screw ①.	o The feeding load becomes too	
2. Push the Y feed shaft $\textcircled{3}$ in the direction of the arrow $\textcircled{3} \Rightarrow$ .	much and this can be a cause of feed error.	
<ul> <li>3. Loosen the setscrews ② (3 pcs.) of the work feed acceptor plate. Moving the Y feed arm ④ in the direction of the arrow ↔, fix the Y feed shaft ③ to the guide and also fix the work feed acceptor plate ⑤ in the position where no torque is generated.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>4. Let the end planes (a) of the Y feed shaft (b) and the Y feed arm (b) coincide with each other. Fix the Y feed arm (c) set screw (c).</li> </ul>		

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Loosen the two set screws 2.</li> <li>Make vertical adjustments of the feeder bar rear cover 1 and secure a clearance of about 1mm toward the upper plane of the work feed presser bar 3. Then, tighten the two set screws 2.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>o If the clearance is too small between the feeder bar rear cover</li> <li>① and the upper plane of the work feed presser bar ④, the feeder bar rear cover ① will come in</li> </ul>
3. Move the feeder bar	contact with the work feed presser bar ④ due to the effect of vibration during sewing operation. This will cause noise and abrasion.
(Caution) 1. When tightening the set screws ②, the feeder bar rear cover ① may be moved vertically. Hold the feeder bar rear cover ① firmly while the set screws ② are tight- ened.	<ul> <li>o If there is no clearance between the feeder bar rear cover ① and the notch part of the sewing machine frame ③, the feeder bar rear cover ① will come in contact with the sewing machine frame ③, causing feed error during sewing operation.</li> </ul>

## (29) Adjustment of the bobbin winder driving wheel position



## (30) Adjusting the bobbin winder amount

#### Standard Adjustment

The position of the bobbin winder lever ① is based on the standard that it is 14mm apart from the bobbin winder shaft ②. Try to perform bobbin winding actually and make fine adjustments in the directions of the arrows ③ and ③ so that the amount of thread winding becomes adequate (recommended value: 80 ~ 90% of the bobbin).



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Adjust the position of the bobbin winder driving wheel ● and fix it with two set screws ❷.</li> </ol>	o If the distance of 10mm is insufficient, rubber ring wear may occur in the bobbin winder unit. In addition, the bearing life may be reduced in the bobbin winder unit.
	<ul> <li>If the distance of 10mm is excessive, normal thread winding may fail. In addition, this will also cause rubber ring slippage in the bobbin winder unit and give rise to wear.</li> </ul>

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Loosen the set screw ③ of the bobbin winder lever and adjust the distance to 14mm between the bobbin winder lever ① and the bobbin winder shaft ②. After that, tighten the set screw ③ of the bobbin winder lever.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>o If too much thread is wound (thread protruded from the bobbin</li> <li>③), the thread ⑦ will come in contact with the inside of the</li> </ul>
2. Start the sewing machine and wind the thread at the bobbin winder. Confirm the amount of winding.	bobbin case and this can be a cause of sewing deficiency.
<ol> <li>If the amount of winding seems to be too much, adjust the bobbin winder lever 1 in the direction of the arrow 3.</li> <li>If the amount of winding seems to be too less, adjust the bobbin winder lever 1 in the direction of the arrow 3.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>If the amount of thread winding is uneven at top and bottom of the bobbin winder ③, stitch perfora- tion may become irregular.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3. If the winding state of the thread  around the bobbin winder seems to be uneven, loosen the nut and adjust the height of the thread tension control .</li> <li>(Example) If the amount of the wound thread is less on the upper side of the bobbin winder and a sillustrated, adjust the thread tension control  upwards.</li> </ul>	

## (31) Adjustment of the hook upper spring position



For the right and left positions, the needle center is made to coincide with the center of the groove width **③**. For the front and rear positions, the needle rear end is made to coincide with the corner part **④**.

(Caution) If Part <sup>(C)</sup> is damaged, this is the cause of thread breakage, hangnail of thread, stain on thread, etc. Therefore, this part should be polished by the use of a buff or the like. In particular, the rear side should be handled with care.



## (32) Shuttle felt



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Remove the work feed bar, feed plate, and the throat plate. Make adjustments with the screw ①.</li> <li>(Caution) The right and left positions can also change during (10) hook adjustments. Position adjustment for the large hook upper spring ② should be done after the completion of standard hook adjustment, without fail.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>o If there is a front and rear displacement or a right and left displacement, needle thread biting may occur into the hook. Too much motion to the rear side will cause the moving knife to fail to hook the needle thread.</li> <li>o Too much motion to the rear side will cause the moving knife to fail to hook the needle thread.</li> <li>o Too much motion to the left side will cause the moving knife to fail to hook the needle thread.</li> <li>o Too much motion to the left side will cause the moving knife to fail to hook the bobbin thread.</li> </ul>

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
Adjustment Procedures         1. If the shuttle felt ① seems to be protruded or it has been replaced with a new one, push it in by means of tweezers or the like.         (Caution) Do not push it in excessively. Align the height and the plane of the shuttle race ②.	<ul> <li>Results of Improper Adjustment</li> <li>o If the shuttle felt      is protruded, this will be turned into a rotary load of the inner hook, causing a sewing error.</li> <li>o If the shuttle felt      is missing or pushed in too much, this will result in hook lubrication deficiency, causing hook overheating and wear.</li> </ul>

## (33) Shape of the shuttle race ring



## (34) Adjustment of the thread take-up spring



	Adjustment Procedures				Results of Improper Adjustment
1.	1. If the dimensions of 0.3 x 8mm are not secured, retouching is re- quired with the aid of an oil stone.				
	Dimension A (mm)	Part No.	Name of part	Remarks	
	0.8	14103253	Shuttle race ring A	Conforming to Specifications F and M as standard	
	1.3	14103352	Shuttle race ring B	Conforming to Specifications S as standard	
	1.7	14103659	Shuttle race ring C	Conforming to Specifications H as standard	
	1.9	B1817210DAD	Shuttle race ring D	Optional	

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
The standard stroke of thread take-up spring ① is 8 to 10mm, and the pressure at the start is 0.1 to 0.3N.	
<ol> <li>Adjusting the stroke Loosen setscrew ②, and turn thread tension asm. ③. Turning it clockwise will increase the moving amount and the thread drawing amount will increase.</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>2) Adjusting the pressure To change the pressure of the thread take-up spring ①, insert a thin screwdriver into the slot of thread tension post ④ while screw ② is tightened, and turn it. Turning it clockwise will increase the pressure of the thread take-up spring ①. Turning it counterclockwise will de- crease the pressure.</li></ul>	
Example of the thread tension	

Example of the thread tension When using the sewing machine for the first time, adjust the thread tension referring to the table below.

Thread	Material	Needle thread	Thread take-up spring moving	Strength
		tension setting	amount [ Thread drawing amount]	
Tetoron thread #50	Wool	30 to 35	10mm [13mm]	0.1N
Spun thread #50	Wool	50 to 55	10mm [13mm]	0.2N
Spun thread #60	T/C broad	30 to 35	8 to 10mm [11 to 13mm]	0.1N
(Thread clamp OFF)				
Cotton thread #50	Denim	35 to 45	10mm [13mm]	0.1N
Cotton thread #20	Denim	35 to 45	8 to 10mm [11 to 13mm]	0.1N

## (35) Needle thread clamp device connection/disconnection



#### Procedures of assembling and adjustment procedures

- 1. Push the needle thread clamp device ③ in the direction of A and fix it with the four set screws ④. Tighten the hinge screw ①.
- 2. Turn on the power supply and press the O key twice so that the needle thread clamp support plate complete is positioned at the far advanced end.
  Confirm that the distance between the needle thread clamp support plate complete and the needle is 3.3 ~ 3.7mm and 1.7 ~ 2.3mm, respectively.
- 3. If the distance seems to be inadequate, loosen the four set screws ② and move the needle thread clamp device ③ for adjustment.

(Caution) For the prevention of injury, the distance should be checked only if the sewing LED is unlit. (Press the  $\bigcirc O$  key twice after the power supply has been turned on.)

4. After the completion of the above-mentioned reassembly, make adjustments according to "(36) Adjusting the needle thread clamp sensor."



## (36) Adjusting the needle thread clamp sensor



4

Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Start the test mode CP-7.</li> <li>Tread on the pedal for needle thread clamp device ③ origin retrieval.</li> <li>Press the ① key twice and set the needle thread clamp support plate complete ④ in the needle thread clamp position.</li> <li>Confirm that the clearance A becomes 0 between the needle thread clamp device ③ and the needle thread clamp support plate complete ④ when the [-] key is pressed 3 to 4 times (for 3 to 4 pulses), and that both the needle thread clamp device ④ and the needle thread clamp support plate complete ④ move together when the [-] key is</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>o If there are too many pulses used until the clearance A becomes 0, this can be a cause of unthreading at the beginning of sewing.</li> <li>o If the number of pulses is too small until the clearance A becomes 0, the resistance toward the needle thread becomes large and this can be a cause of thread breakage at the beginning of sewing.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>pressed again.</li> <li>5. If the clearance A becomes 0 with 5 or more pulses, loosen the set screw 1 and fix the sensor mounting plate 2 after moving it in the direction B.</li> <li>6. If the clearance A becomes 0 with less than 3 pulses, loosen the set screw 1 and fix the sensor mounting plate 2 after moving it in the</li> </ul>	o If the distance is improper be- tween the needle thread clamp support plate complete ④ and the needle ⑤, this will give rise to in- terference between the needle thread clamp device ⑥ and the
<ul> <li>direction C.</li> <li>7. After the sensor mounting plate  has been fixed, check the above-mentioned steps 2. to 4.</li> </ul>	needie 😈.
8. Using 3 to 4 pulses, repeat the steps 2. to 6. above until the clear- ance A becomes 0.	
9. Tread on the pedal for needle thread clamp device ③ origin retrieval and define the most advanced position by pressing the key once.	
<ol> <li>Confirm that the distances between the needle thread clamp support plate complete (a) and the needle (b) are kept at 3 ~ 4mm and 1.7 ~ 2.3mm, respectively.</li> </ol>	
11. If the distance is found to be inadequate, adjust the position toward the needle (according to (35) Needle thread clamp device connection/disconnection. Since then, make the above-mentioned sensor adjustments again.	

#### Standard Adjustment

- 1. Needle thread clamp notch R position
  - 1) When the needle thread clamp link complete ② is pushed in Direction A and Part B of the needle thread clamp support plate complete ③ and the needle thread clamp device ④ begins to open, the distance between the needle thread clamp device ④ and the needle thread clamp base ⑤ becomes 21mm.



- 2. Needle thread clamp notch F position
  - 1) When the needle thread clamp link complete ② is pushed in Direction C and Part B of the needle thread clamp support plate complete ③ and the needle thread clamp device ④ begins to open, the distance between the needle thread clamp device ④ and the needle thread clamp base ⑤ becomes 23mm.



Adjustment Procedures	Results of Improper Adjustment
<ol> <li>Needle thread clamp notch R adjustment</li> <li>Loosen the two set screws ①.</li> <li>Push the needle thread clamp link complete ② in Direction A so that the distance between the needle thread clamp device ④ and the needle thread clamp base ⑤ becomes 21mm. Move the needle thread clamp notch R ⑥ in Direction D, lightly push it toward the needle thread clamp cam plate ⑨, and tighten the two set screws ①.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>o If the distance between the needle thread clamp device ④ and needle thread clamp base ⑤ comes to leager than 21mm, release timing turns so early that unthreading at the beginning of sewing is caused.</li> <li>o If the distance between the needle</li> </ul>
	thread clamp device (4) and needle thread base (5) comes to smaller than 21mm, release tim- ing turns so slowly that needle thread remains on the back side of the material is caused.
<ul> <li>2. Needle thread clamp notch F adjustment</li> <li>1) Loosen the two set screws</li> </ul>	o If the distance between the needle
<ul> <li>1) Loosen the two set screws ♥.</li> <li>2) Push the needle thread clamp link complete ❷ in Direction C so that the distance between the needle thread clamp device ④ and the needle thread clamp base ⑤ becomes 23mm. Move the needle thread clamp notch F ③ in Direction E, lightly push it toward the needle thread clamp cam plate ⑨, and tighten the two set screws ⑦.</li> </ul>	thread clamp device ④ and needle thread clamp base ⑤ comes to larger than 23mm, clamp timing turns so early that needle thread remains on the back side of the material or jam- ming of needle thread in to the needle thraed clamp device ④ is caused.
	<ul> <li>o If the distance between the needle thraed clamp device ④ and needle thread clamp base ⑤ comes to smaller than 23mm, clamp timing turns so slowly that needle thread clamp error is caused.</li> </ul>

# 4. Sub-class information

## (1) Models classified by button sizes (LK-1903A)

Model name			LK-1903A-301				LK-1903A-302		Optional				
Button size classification			For Extra-small button			For small buttons (accessories)		For medium-sized buttons		For large buttons			
Outside diameter that can	be adjuste	ed (mm)	ø8~ø9	ø9~ø10	ø10~ø1	5	ø10~ø20		ø10~ø20		ø15~ø32		
Sewing size (mm)	Lengthv	vise (Y)	0~2.5	0~3.0	0~3.5		0~3.5		0~4.5		0~6.5		
	Crossw	vise (X)	0~2.5	0~3.0	0~3.5		0~3.5		0~4.5		0~6.5		
Thickness (mm)			1.7 (2.2)		Engraving	1.7 (2.2) (2.7) *(0.9)	Engraving	2.0 (2.2) (2.7)	Engraving	2.7 (3.2)	Engraving		
				MAZ158070BI	В	G	14148852	к	14149058	L	MAZ157070BB	D	
Button clamp jaw lever		Right	(	MAZ158070B	A)	F	(MAZ155070B0)	В	(MAZ155070B0)	В	(MAZ157070BA)	Е	
(combination)				_		—	(MAZ156070B0)	С	(MAZ156070B0)	С	—	—	
	Part No.			_		—	*(B25553720A0)	—	_	—	—	—	
				MAZ158080BI	В	G	14148951	к	14149157	L	MAZ157080BB	D	
		Left	(1	MAZ158080B/	A)	F	(MAZ155080B0)	В	(MAZ155080B0)	В	(MAZ157080BA)	Е	
						—		—	(MAZ156080B0)	С	(MAZ156080B0)	С	_
				_		—	*(B25573720A0)	—	_	—		—	
Needle hole guide				1.6			1.6		1.6		1.4		
(mm)	4	Ą		(1.8)			(1.8)						
	F	2	~2.9			(1.1)		a2.5					
		, 		ø2.0			(ø1.6)		ø3.5		ø3.5		
ØB ØC		, 		MA71580100	า		(MA71550100	101	02.0		02.0		
	Part	No		(14149900)	0		(1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/	,0,	MA715601000		MA71570100	0	
							*(D2426284Y)	201		Ŭ	WA21070100	0	
Feed plat	l te		МА	Z15502000(	8.5)		← (32.12020+1)	,	MAZ15602000(□10)		MAZ15702000(□1	2.5)	

• Items in ( ) are optional.

• \* For common use

Model name		Option (LK-19	Option (LK-1903A-305)				
Button type		For shank buttons					
Max. Sewing speed		1, 500r	pm				
	Outside diameter	Outside diameter Ø8~Ø20					
Button configuration	Diameter of hole in button	Diameter of hole in button					
Ballon coningulation	Position of hole in button	Position of hole in button 1.5mm or more					
		D (mm)	A (r	nm)			
Configuration			Min.	Max.			
of shank	₿ <u></u>	) 1	4	9			
		3	3	8			
	_ <u>_</u>	- 5	—	7			
Sewing pattern number	18, 19, 20, 21, 22						

Optional parts for shank button				
Part No.	Names of part			
14146054	Pick-up device complate			
D1401M1YC0A	Needle bar (for TQ-1)			
MAZ160170A0	Wiper (asm.)			
40015434	Moving plate link A			
14148209	Bushing			
SL6030892TN (2 pcs.)	Screw			
MAZ16015000	Button support link			
SD0640321TP	Hinge screw			
40010103	Connecting link			
SL6040892TN (2 pcs.)	Screw			
MAZ16021000	Needle hole guide			
MTQ300B1400	Needle TQx3 #14			

## (2) Table of Standard Patterns (LK-1903A)

The number of stitches and the standard sewing lengths X and Y are as specified in the table below.



Pattern No.	Stitch sape	Sewing thread (pcs.)	Standard length X (mm)	Standard length Y (mm)	Pattern No.	Stitch Sape	Sewing thread (pcs.)	Standard length X (mm)	Standard length Y (mm)
1•34		6-6			18•44		6		
2•35		8-8			19•45		8		
3		10-10			20		10	3.4	0
4		12-12			21		12		
5•36		6-6			22		16		
6•37		8-8			23•46		6		
7		10-10		-	24		10	0	3.4
8		12-12			25		12		
9•38		6-6			26•47		6-6		
10•39	Ø	8-8	3.4	3.4	27		10-10	3.4	3.4
11		10-10			28•48		6-6		
12•40	$\bigotimes$	6-6			29		10-10		
13•41	$\bigotimes$	8-8			30•49	Ø	5-5-5		
14	$\bigotimes$	10-10			31	Ø	8-8-8	3.0	2.5
15•42	X	6-6			32•50		5-5-5		
16•43	$\bigotimes$	8-8			33	٨	8-8-8		
17	$\bigotimes$	10-10				<u> </u>			

\* Standard sewing lenghts X and Y given above are given assyming that the scale is 100.
 Use the patterns No. 34~50 with hole diameter ø1.5mm or less.

## 5. Memory switches

The sewing machine operation can be changed by changing the setting of the memory switch.

### (1) Memory switch start and change

- When the M key is pressed in the state that the sewing LED is turn off, the user level setting mode is assumed for the memory switches. When the M key is continuously pressed for 6 seconds, the service level setting mode is assumed for the memory switches.
  - (Caution) In the case of continued pressing, the buzzer sounds after 3 seconds and 6 seconds, respectively. The buzzer sound after 3 seconds indicates that the test mode has become effective.
- 2. The memory switch number can be modified with the  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  keys.
- 3. Select a required number of memory switch by pressing the  $\frac{1}{2}$  key, then fix the number by pressing  $\bigcirc$  key to turn on the LED.
- 4. Change the contents of the memory switch with the  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  keys.
- 5. The factory shipment values can be recovered with the || key.
- 6. The contents of modification can be registered by pressing the O key. In this case, the sewing LED is turn off and the select condition of the memory switch number is recovered.
- 7. When the **M** key is pressed, the memory switch setting mode is finished and normal operating conditions are recovered.



The upper 3 digits are used for the memory switch number. The upper 2 digits are used for the contents of setting.





## (2) Table of memory switch functions

Some initial values for shipment may change according to models.

The contents are divided into two categories of user level (U) and service level (S).

Indication	Level	Functions	Setting range	State when delivered	Remarks
130	U	Max sewing speed (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~3000rpm	3000	To be set at 2700 for the LK-1900AW and LK-1903A.
215	U	Sewing speed for the first stitch (with needle thread clamp) (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~1500rpm	1500	
	U	Sewing speed for the second stitch (with needle thread clamp) (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~3000rpm	3000	
430	U	Sewing speed for the third stitchj (with needle thread clamp) (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~3000rpm	3000	
530	U	Sewing speed for the 4th stitchj (with needle thread clamp) (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~3000rpm	3000	
6.30	U	Sewing speed for the 5th stitch (with needle thread clamp) (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~3000rpm	3000	
<u> </u>	U	Thread tension for the first stitch (with needle thread clamp)	0~200	200	
8	U	Thread tension at the time of thread trimming	0~200	0	
9	U	Changeover timing of thread ten- sion at the time of thread trimming	-6~4 (~-1:32°, 0:28°, 1:24°~)	0	When the setting value isincreased, op- eration becomes faster in the unit of 4°.
	U	Sewing speed for the first stitch (with needle thread clamp) (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~1500rpm	400	
	U	Sewing speed for the second stitch (with needle thread clamp) (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~3000rpm	900	
08.51	U	Sewing speed for the third stitch (with needle thread clamp) (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~3000rpm	3000	
	U	Sewing speed for the 4th stitch (with needle thread clamp) (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~3000rpm	3000	
1430	U	Sewing speed for the 5th stitch (with needle thread clamp) (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	400~3000rpm	3000	
<u>   5</u> – –	U	Thread tension for the first stitch (with needle thread clamp)	0~200	0	
16	U	Changeover timing of thread ten- sion at the sewing start (with needle thread clamp)	-5~2 (~ -1: 64°, 0: 60°, 1: 56°~)	0	When the setting value is increased, operation becomes faster in the unit of 4°.
	U	Display of Pattern No., XY enlargement/ reduction scale rate, and max. speed limits; change enabled/disabled	0: Operative 1: Inoperative	0	In case of setting 1, use of M key is prohibited as well. When changing memory switch, pressing M key, turn ON the power switch. (Standard operation panel)
	U	Counter operation	<ul><li>0: Production counter (addition)</li><li>1: Bobbin thread counter (subtraction)</li></ul>	0	(Standard operation panel)
	U	Selection of pedal	0: Standard pedal 1: Standard pedal (2-step stroke) 2: Optional pedal 3: Optional pedal (2-step stroke)	0	
50 0	U	Selection of pedal	0: Standard pedal 1: Optional pedal	0	

Indication	Level	Functions	Setting range	State when delivered	Remarks
21	S	Standard pedal, clamp switch position	50~200	70	When the setting value is increased, the amount of pedal tread becomes larger.
55	S	Standard pedal, 2-step stroke switch position	50~200	120	When the setting value is increased, the amount of pedal tread becomes larger.
23	S	Standard pedal, start switch position	50~200	185	When the setting value is increased, the amount of pedal tread becomes larger.
240	U	Optional pedal 1 operated	0: OFF when trodden again 1: OFF when released	0	
25.0	U	Optional pedal 2 operated	0: OFF when trodden again 1: OFF when released	0	
2670	U	Height of work clamp foot at the time of 2-step stroke	50~90	70	Height is lowered when the set value is increased.
<u> </u>	S	Clamp lowering speed during pedal operation (Setting possible in the unit of 10pps)	100~4000pps	4000	
28	S	Clamp rising speed during pedal operation (Setting possible in the unit of 10pps)	100~4000pps	1500	Too much rise in the setting level may result in malfunction.
95	S	Thread trimmer clamp rising spped at the end of sewing (Setting possible in the unit of 10pps)	100~4000pps	3000	Too much rise in the setting level may result in malfunction.
	U	Pattern's enlargement / reduction reference point	0: Origin 1: Sewing start point	0	The enlargement / reduction point in the pattern data is effective only for 0 setting.
	U	It is possible to stop sewing machine operation with panel's reset key.	0: Disabled 1: Panel's reset key 2: External switch	0	
322	U	Buzzer sound can be prohibited.	0: No buzzer sound 1: Panel's operation sound 2: Panel's operation sound + Error sound	2	
332	U	No. of stitches for needle thread clamp release	1 ~ 7 stitches	2	
34	U	Clamping timing of needle thread clamp	-10~0 (~-1:84°, 0:80°)	0	Delayed in negative direction in the unit of 4°.
350	U	Needle thread clamp control disabled	0: Normal 1: Disabled	0	Set at 1 for LK1903A.
36	U	Selection of feed operation timing. Set in negative direction when the tightness of stitches is adverse.	-8~16 (~11:64°, 12:60°, 13:56°~)	12	Delayed in negative direction in the unit of 4°. If set at extreme negative, there is danger of needle breakage. Significant when handling heavy materials.
30 1	U	State of work clamp foot after completion of sewing can be selected	<ul> <li>0: Work clamp foot goes up after moving at the sewing start.</li> <li>1: Work clamp foot goes up immediately after the end of sewing</li> <li>2: Work clamp foot goes up by pedal operation after moving attne sewing start. LK1903A</li> </ul>	1	LK-1903A/BR-35 to be set at 0
380	S	Sewing is possible only with the start switch, without raising the work clamp foot.	0: Normal 1: Work clamp foot rise disabled.	0	
39.0	U	Each time sewing is finished, origin retrieval is possible. (Except for the cycle sewing)	0: No origin retrieval 1: Origin retrieval enabled	0	
400	U	Origin retrieval setting is possible after cycle sewing.	<ol> <li>0: No origin retrieval</li> <li>1: Origin retrieval after the end of one pattern.</li> <li>2: Origin retrieval after the end of one cycle.</li> </ol>	0	

Indication	Level	Functions	Setting range	State when deivered	Remarks
	U	State of work clamp foot when machine stopped by temporary stop command can be selected.	<ol> <li>Work clamp foot goes up.</li> <li>Work clamp foot goes up with work clamp foot switch.</li> <li>Lift of work clamp foot is prohibited.</li> </ol>	0	
420	U	Needle bar stop position is set.	0: Up position (53°) 1: Upper dead point (22°)	0	Needle bar rotates the reverse direction after the UP position stop and stops when upper dead point stop is set.
	S	Selection of sewing machine rpm during thread trimming	0:400rpm 1:800rpm	1	This is the sewing machine rpm of the thread spreading by moving knife. When the sewing machine has stopped, thread trimmer is function.
441	S	Selection of whether the thread is moved in the direction of easy trimming.	0: Feeding disabled. 1: Feeding enabled.	1	
4516	S	Needle hole guide diameter when feeding is moved for thread cutting. (Setting possible in the unit of 0.2mm)	16~40 (1.6mm~4.0mm)	16 (1.6mm)	When the setting value is increased, the amount of feeding becomes larger.
460	U	Thread trimming can be disabled at the end of sewing.	0: Normal 1: Thread trimming disabled	0	After tentative stoppage, thread trimming is not disabled.
470	S	Thread trimming can be disabled.	0: Normal 1: Thread trimming disabled	0	All thread trimming operation is disabled.
48.0	U	The origin reset route can be selected with the reset key.	0: Linear reset 1: Pattern returning	0	
4916	U	Bobbin winding speed can be set (Setting possible in the unit of 100rpm)	800~2000rpm	1600	
502	U	Operation timing of material closing is selected. (LK1901A only)	<ul><li>0: Output prohibited</li><li>1: Operation when work clamp foot comes down.</li><li>2: Operation at the time of start</li></ul>	2	For the machines other than LK-1901A, this function is not indicated.
511	U	Wiper operation method can be selected.	<ol> <li>Without wiper at the time of thread trimming on the way</li> <li>With wiper at the time of thread trimming on the way</li> <li>With wiper at the time of th- read trimming on the way 2</li> <li>Magnet wiper</li> </ol>	1	<ol> <li>Without return of the last wiper</li> <li>With return of the last wiper</li> <li>When the setting No. 37:1 of the memory switch, wiper operation method can not be used.)</li> </ol>
52	S	Magnet wipe-out time (Setting possible in the unit of 10ms)	10~500ms	50	Effective only if the magnet wiper has been selected.
53	S	Magnet wipe-in time (Setting possible in the unit of 10ms)	10~500ms	100	
540	S	Wipe-out timing at the time of upper dead point stop	<ul><li>0: Sewing machine returned and upper dead point stop after wiper operation in up position.</li><li>1: Wiper operation after upper dead point stop</li></ul>	0	Effective only if upper dead point stop is selected.
	U	The stitching at the start of sewing of the pattern for button sewing can be prohibited. For LK-1903A only	0: The stitching effective 1: Tie stitching ineffective	0	For the machines other than LK- 1903A, thus function is not indi- cated.
56	S	Moving limit range in +X direction (right side)	-20~20mm	20	In the state of shipment, no clamp configuration is considered.
57	S	Moving limit range in –X direction (left side)	–20~20mm	-20	In the state of shipment, no clamp configuration is considered.
58	S	Moving limit range in +Y direction (back side)	-20~10mm	10	In the state of shipment, no clamp configuration is considered.
59	S	Moving limit range in -Y direction (front side)	-20~10mm	-20	In the state of shipment, no clamp configuration is considered.
60	S	Jump feed speed of XY (Setting possible in the unit of 10pps)	100~4000pps	2000	

Indication	Level	Functions	Setting range	State when delivered	Remarks
6 l	S	XY feed forward / back speed (Setting possible in the unit of 10pps)	100~4000pps	500	
0 58	S	When the power supply is turned on, oautomatic preparation is possible without pressing the READY key.	0: Normal 1: Automatic preparation is operated when the power supply is ON.	0	
630	S	While the needle stays in an upper position, a current is maintained in the main motor to make the needle hard to down.	0: Holding disabled 1: Holding enabled	0	
640	U	Method of XY enlargement/reduction scale rate setting (IP200 only)	0: % setting 1: Size setting	0	Displayed only for the IP200 operation panel.
650	U	The origin is moved toward the front by 5mm.	0: Standard 1: 5mm closer to the front	0	This setting is needed when using the LK1904 presser foot and patterns.
6645	S	No. of pulses for work clamp foot interlock wiper operation	30~60	45	
1500	S	The head falling detector switch can be disabled.	0: Normal 1: Head falling detector switch disabled	0	
201	U	This function sets whether or not the calling of the pattern data is operative.	0: Calling inoperative 1: Calling operative	Setting dep- ends on the model used.	Standard pattern Nos. 1 to 64 can be individually set (Standard operation panel)
2410	S	Initialization of model's specifications is executed.	0:LK1900ASS 1:LK1900AHS 2:LK1900AFS 3:LK1900AMS 4:LK1901ASS 5:LK1902ASS 6:LK1902AHS 7:LK1903ASS-301 8:LK1903ASS-311/BR35 10:LK1903ASS-312/BR35 11:LK1900AWS	Setting values are specified at left according to models.	Contents of the memory switches are initialized to the state when delivered. The thread tension of each standard pattern is initialized to the state when delivered. All the registrations patterns and cycles are deleted.
245	U	Grease-up error	The number of stitches is counted based on drive, sewing machine.		Only clearing possible with the RESET key. Clearing should be done after the completion of grease-up action.
P	U	Pattern registration is carried out.			
[	U	Cycle sewing registration is carried out.			
	S	Test mode is assumed.			

## 6. Test mode

When the test mode is started, it is possible to carry out maintenance and inspection.

### (1) Test mode start

1. When the M key is continuously pressed for 3 seconds in the state that the sewing LED is turn off, the buzzer sounds and test mode start can be selected, with the user level setting mode of the memory switch kept effective.

(Caution) The test mode cannot be selected unless the M key is pressed for more than 3 seconds.

- 2. Change the memory switch No. with the +/ , -/ keys to select the test mode.
- Press the O key. The selected test mode is assumed and a display output test can be started. In regard to the contents of the display output test, refer to (2) Display output test.
- 4. Press the O key. The display output test is finished and operation moves to the selection of another test feature.





5. Select the test program No. by the use of the  $+/\underline{\underline{\underline{}}}$ ,  $-/\underline{\underline{}}$  keys.

Test program No.	Test program	Descriptions
	Input signal check	The conditions of switches and sensor inputs are displayed at the LED.
[9-2]	XY motor / origin sensor check	Inching operation of the X/Y motor, operation of origin retrieval, and the status of X/Y origin sensors are displayed.
[P-3]	Continuous operation	After the setting of continuous operational con- ditions, the continuous operation mode is as- sumed.
[   -  4	Main motor rpm check	The sewing machine is started based on the preset rpm, and the measured rpm number is displayed.
[P-5	Output check	Output is maintained for the LK1901A material drawing magnet.
C P - 6	Presser foot and thread trimmer motor and origin sensor check	Inching operation of the presser foot and thread trimmer motor, operation of origin retrieval, and the status of presser origin and presser sen- sors are displayed.
	Needle thread clamp motor and origin sensor check	Inching operation of the needle thread clamp motor, operation of origin retrieval, and the status of needle thread clamp origin and needle thread clamp sensors are displayed.
CP-8	Software version display	The software versions of the MAIN and SDC boards are displayed.

6. Press the **O** key and define the test program number.

7. For each program, the test program can be closed when the M key is pressed.
 The condition of 5. recovered.
 However, the continuous operation mode cannot be canceled if it is once as-

sumed. To close this mode, it is necessary to turn off the power supply.

(2) Display output test After moving to the test mode, the display output test is started. At the intervals of one second, the LEDs shown below are turn on.



## (3) Method of confirmation according to each test program No.

#### 1) CP-1 (Input signal check)

It is possible to check the input conditions of the respective operation panel keys, pedal switches, and various sensors.



Input No. display When the  $\boxed{p_1}$  and  $\boxed{p_2}$  keys are pressed simultaneously, the input number is updated by +1.

Item select LED turn on/turn off is used to display the input status. In regard to the contents of display, refer to the table shown below.

#### Contents of display for each input No.

Input No.	Pattern LED	X enlarge LED	Y enlarge LED	Speed LED	Counter LED	Bobbin winder LED	Threading LED	Tension LED
1			°∎, key	C key	–/E key	<b>+/⊈</b> key	key	<sup>□</sup> O key
2			( M key)	ps key	<b>P</b> 4 key	P3 key	P2 key	[p] key
3	DIPSW2-4	DIPSW2-3	DIPSW2-2	DIPSW2-1	(Pedal SW)	Optional Clamp 2 SW	Optional) Start SW	Optional Clamp SW
4	Pedal SW ⑧	Pedal SW ⑦	Pedal SW ⑥	Pedal SW (5)	Pedal SW ④	Pedal SW ③	Pedal SW ②	Pedal SW ①
5	Presser motor origin sensor	Y motor origin sensor	X motor origin sensor	Needle thread clamp motor origin sensor	Thread trimmer sensor	Needle thread clamp sensor		
6		Upper needle dead point (5~30°)	Lower needle dead point (185~215°)		Lower needle position (80~123°)	Upper needle position (40~62°)	TG (45 times/ revolution)	Feeding standard (125~155°)
7	Main motor Phase Z (0~180°)							
8	(Temporary stop)					Head fall SW	(Thermal sensor)	Turn on

DIPSW2 denotes a dipswitch on the MAIN board.

Pedal SW (1 ~ (8) are lit up in the direction of (1) to (8) according to the amount of treading-on.

 $[Pedal position = 128 \times (3) + 64 \times (7) + 32 \times (6) + 16 \times (5) + 8 \times (4) + 4 \times (3) + 2 \times (2) + 1 \times (1)]$ 

#### 2) CP-2 (XY motor / origin sensor check)

Inching operation of the X/Y motor, operation of origin retrieval, and the status of X/Y origin sensors are displayed.

1. Preparation

At first, press the  $\bigcirc O$  key to start origin retrieval for needle thread clamp and work clamp foot/thread trimmer motors. The presser foot assumes the lowering condition. After the completion of preparation, the sewing LED is turn on.

2. Operation



Using the Start SW, origin retrieval of X/Y motors is effected for both shafts.

#### 3) CP-3 (Continuous operation)

After the setting of continuous operation, the condition moves to the continuous operation mode.

Turn off the power supply to close the continuous operation mode.

1. Rest time setting

Press the  $+/\underline{\underline{E}}$  and  $-/\underline{\underline{E}}$  keys to set up the rest time.

Setting is possible within the range of 0 ~ 9900ms in the unit of 100ms. (Initial value: 2000ms)

After the completion of setting, press the **O** key.

- Origin retrieval enable/disable setting at the end of sewing Press the +/₺ and -/₺ keys to set up whether origin retrieval is enabled or disabled at the end of sewing.
  - A0: Disable (Initial value)

A1: Every 100 sewing cycles

A2: Every sewing cycle

After the completion of setting, press the  $^{\circ}O$  key to recover ordinary display.

3. Continuous operation

After the completion of setting, set up the pattern numbers, etc., in the same manner as that for ordinary operation.

After the completion of sewing, origin retrieval of the X/Y/work clamp foot/thread trimmer/needle thread clamp motors is conducted if "origin retrieval enabled" has been set as per 2. above. In this case, automatic sewing operation is restarted after the lapse of the rest time specified as per 1. above.

To stop continuous operation, press ON the Start SW during the rest time. [E 50] is displayed and operation is suspended.

05 | 0



#### 4) CP-4 (Main motor rpm check)

Used to set up the sewing machine rpm. Only the main motor is driven at the preset rpm and the actually measured rpm number is displayed.

1. Preparation

At first, press the **O** key to start origin retrieval for needle thread clamp and work clamp foot/thread trimmer motors.

After the completion of preparation, the sewing LED is turn on.



#### 5) CP-5 (Output check)

Output check is carried out for the material drawing magnet of the LK1901A.

1. Operation



#### 6) CP-6 (work clamp foot/thread trimmer motor/origin sensor check)

Inching operation of the work clamp foot/thread trimmer motors, operation of origin retrieval, and the status of origin and thread trimmer sensors are displayed.

1. Preparation

In the first place, the  $\bigcirc$  **O** key is pressed to carry out origin retrieval of needle thread clamp. After operation for preparation, the sewing LED is turn on.

2. Operation



Origin retrieval of the work clamp foot/thread trimmer motors is carried out by the use of the Start SW.

#### 7) CP-7 (Needle thread clamp motor / origin sensor check)

Inching operation of the needle thread clamp motor, operation of origin retrieval, and the status of needle thread clamp origin sensor and needle thread clamp sensor are displayed.

1. Operation



Origin retrieval of the needle thread clamp motor is carried out by the use of the Start SW.

#### 8) CP-8 (Software version display)

The software versions of the MAIN and SDC boards are displayed. Each version comes in the type description of RR-VV-LL-xx. "xx" is used for the specifications of special ordering. It is not displayed usually.

(Example: 01-01-01, 01-01-02, 01-02-01)

1. Operation



RR-VV-LL-xx display for the MAIN and SDC boards for each item selection LED

Pattern LED	X enlarge LED	Y enlarge LED	Speed LED	Counter LED	Bobbin winder LED	Threading LED	Tension LED
MAIN board	MAIN board	MAIN board	MAIN board	SDC board	SDC board	SDC board	SDC board
RR	VV	LL	xx	RR	VV	LL	xx

## 7. Miscellaneous (1) Various printed wiring boards

1) FLT-T board

Single-phase 100V~120V 3-phase 200V~240V Single-phase 200V~240V

Pulse generation is carried out for the purposes of power supply rectification, noise reduction, and the detection of a momentary interruption

CN1 : Power input  $\leftarrow$  Power switch

In the signal-phase mode, the power supply is connected to Pins 4-5. In the 3-phase mode, the power supply is connected to Pins 4-5-6.



#### 2) FLT-S board Single-phase 200V~240V

Pulse generation is carried out for the purposes of power supply rectification, noise reduction, and the detection of a momentary interruption



#### 3) SDC board

The power supply is generated and error check is carried out. Main shaft control is effected, receiving the commands from the MAIN board.



#### 4) LED3 for SDC board error check

No. of LED3 flashes	Error description	Display of operation panel	Remarks
Turn on	Nil		Dimly turn on in ordinary state
1	Main shaft motor lock	E007	Failure in revolving for 2 seconds
2	Error in phase Z	E303	Failure in phase Z detection
3	Error in phases A and B	E730	Failure in phases A and B detection
4	Motor position sensor error	E731	Logical error in U, V, W
5	IPM error	E901	Error output generation from IPM
6	Undervoltage	E813	Source voltage -20% or more
7	Motor reverse rotation	E733	Irregular motor revolutions
8	Overvoltage	E811	Source voltage +20% or more
9	Power interruption	Display disabled	Power interruption of 40ms or more
10	Not used		
11	+85V power system error	E903	SDC board fuse F1 blow-off
12	+33V power system error	E904	SDC board fuse F2 blow-off
13	Overheasting	E905	Radiator panel of SDC boaed heated
			at 85°C or higher
14	Not used		
15	Communication erroe	E916	Failure in comminication with the
			MAIN board

#### 5) MAIN board

Overall controls are carried out, such as pulse motor driving for shafts, control of active tension, etc., memory switch control, etc.


#### 6) INT board

The INT board repeats the head sensor signals and transfers the head model data to the MAIN board.



The head model type (Memory switch No. 241), corrected value of the active tension, the number of stitches for grease-up (Memory switch No. 245), etc. are stored.

#### 7) PANEL board

The PANEL board accommodates the display LEDs, switches, buzzer, etc. together with the control CPU.



### (2) LK1900 data ROM



The data ROM for the LK-1900 is used by inserting it in the IC socket that is located on the MAIN board.

(Cautions) 1. Pay attention to the direction of insertion.

- 2. EEPROM cannot be used.
- 3. If the pattern number is the same as that of the standard pattern, the pattern in the data ROM is in higher preference.

Available ROM

27C256 EPROM

JUKI part No.: HL008423000

## (3) Dipswitch setting



- The penetration force is increased when "4" of Dipswitch SW1 ② is turned ON on the SDC board
   .
- 2. If the penetration force is insufficient for thick materials, this switch should be turned ON.
- 3. All other dipswitches should be turned OFF.

(Caution) Dipswitch changeover should be done after the power supply has been turned off.



4. All dipswitches on the MAIN board are turned OFF.

### (4) Table of standard pattern specifications

					1900	)A	1901A	1902A
NO	Lengthwise	Crosswise	Number of stitches	Pattern	S, F, H, W	М	S	S, H
1 (51)	2.0	16	42	Large size bartacking	*			
2	2.0	10	42	Large size bartacking	*			
3	2.5	16	42	Large size bartacking	*			
4	3.0	24	42	Large size bartacking				
5	2.0	10	28	Large size bartacking	*			
6	2.5	16	28	Large size bartacking	*			
7	2.0	10	36	Large size bartacking	*			
8	2.5	16	36	Large size bartacking	*			
9	3.0	24	56	Large size bartacking				
10	3.0	24	64	Large size bartacking				
11	2.5	6	21	Small size bartacking	*		*	
				(eyelet)				
12	2.5	6	28	Small size bartacking (eyelet)	*		*	
13	2.5	6	36	Small size bartacking (evelet)	*		*	
14	2.0	8	14	Knit goods bartacking	*	*		
15	2.0	8	21	Knit goods bartacking	*	*		
16	2.0	8	28	Knit goods bartacking	*	*		
17	0	10	21	Straight line bartacking	*			*
18	0	10	28	Straight line bartacking	*			*
19	0	25	28	Straight line bartacking				
20	0	25	36	Straight line bartacking				
21	0	25	41	Straight line bartacking				
22	0	35	44	Straight line bartacking				
23	20	4.0	28	Lengthwise bartacking				
24	20	4.0	36	Lengthwise bartacking				
25	20	4.0	42	Lengthwise bartacking				
26	20	4.0	56	Lengthwise bartacking				
27	20	0	18	Lengthwise straight line bartacking				
28	10	0	21	Lengthwise straight line bartacking				
29	20	0	21	Lengthwise straight line bartacking				
30	20	0	28	Lengthwise straight line bartacking				
38	2.0	8	28	Knit goods bartacking	*	*		

In the condition of delivery from the factory, the pattern sewing with \* marks can be made. When using the standard patterns other than the patterns with \* marks, refer to "Setting whether the calling of the pattern data is operative or not" described in the item of the how to use the memory switch.

### (5) Table of standard patterns

	No	Stitch diagram	Num- ber of stitches	Sewin (m Length- wise	g size m) <sup>Cross-</sup> wise	(Note) 2 No. of work clamp foot		No	Stitch diagram	Num- ber of stitches	Sewin (m Length- wise	g size m) Cross- wise	(Note) 2 No. of work clamp foot
	1 (51)	°	42	2.0	16	1		17		21	0	10	1
	2			2.0	10	1	bu	18		28	0	10	1
	3 *	₩₩₩₩₩₩₩		2.5	16	1 4	) bartacki	19			0	25	6 7
ĝ	4 *			3.0	24	6 7	raight line	20	<b>∠III (III</b> )	36	0	25	6 7
bartackir	5	<b>~~~~~~~</b>	28	2.0	10	1	St	21	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	41	0	25	6 7
arge size	6 *			2.5	16	1		22		44	0	35	(Note) 3
	7		36	2.0	10	1	bu	23	(ather side) (This side)	28	20	4.0	9
	8 *	₩₩₩₩₩₩		2.5	16	1	bartacki	24	(other side)	36	20	4.0	
	9 *		56	3.0	24	6 7	ngthwise	25	(other side)	42	20	4.0	
	10 *	******	64	3.0	24	6	Le	26	(other side)	56	20	4.0	
acking	11	<b>~}</b> \\\\\\\	21	2.5	6	8	cking	27	(other side)	18	20	0	11
size barte	12	• HHHHH	28	2.5	6		ear barta	28	(other side)	21	10	0	
Small	13		36	2.5	6		thwise lin	29	(other side)		20	0	
acking	14		14	2.0	8	5	Lengt	30	(other side)	28	20	0	
ods bart	15		21	2.0	8		(Not	e) 1. :	Sewing size shows t the scale rate is 100%	:he d %.	imen	sion	s when
Knit gc	16		28	2.0	8			2.       	in the figure 8(3) i hereto. For No. 22, process	the	sep work	arate	e sheet

- For No. 22, process the work clamp foot blank for use.
   Use the patterns with \*marks for sewing
- denim.5. No. 51 is for the machine used without

thread clamp device.

	No	Stitch diagram Number of stitches				No	Stitch diagram		
				Length- wise	Cross- wise		$\square$		
	31 32		63	7 7	10 12			41	
									X
br	33		24	6	10			42	ᢂᠰᡐᡐᡐᡐ
bartackir	34	<u>(</u> )	31	6	12				MAAAA
Semilunar	35	AMMMMM	48	10	7		bartacking	43	
	36		48	10	7		Lengthwise	44	***************************************
Large size bartacking	37	<del>1</del>	90	3	24			45	I
Knit goods bartacking	38	₩₩₩₩₩	28	2	8			46	WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWW
nd king	39		28	Ø	12			47	
Rour bartach	40		48				artacking	48	
/Note	\ 1 F	Pottorno Noc. 44 to 4	6 ara arrene	ad fa	* + h a	-	0	10	of the

(Note) 1. Patterns Nos. 41 to 46 are arranged for the optional presser bar (No. 12).

2. The origin is different by 5mm from that of the lengthwise bartacking patterns Nos. 23 to 26.

	41	WWWANN	29	20	2.5
Lengthwise bartacking	42	ᢂᠵᡐᡐᡐᡐᡐᡐᡧ	39	25	2.5
	43	MANANANA M	45	25	2.5
	44	RAMMAN	58	30	2.5
	45		75	30	2.5
	46	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	42	30	2.5
	47		91	Ø	8
rtacking	48		99		
Radial b	49		148		
	50		164		

Sewing size (mm)

Length- Cross-wise wise

Number of stitches

## 8. Optional features

### (1) Connection of PK-57



- Connect PK-57 change cable Ø with CN41 of MAIN circuit board ①.
- 2. Connect the cord of PK-57 ③ with the PK-57 change cable at the rear face of the control box. Then clamp two places with adhesive clamp ④. In addition, tighten with a screw the PK-57 ground cable as illustrated in the figure.
  ② PK-57 change cable : Part No. M90135900A0
  ③ PK-57 : Part No. GPK570010B0
  ④ Adhesive clamp : Part No. E9607603000
- 3. Set the memory switches as follows.

Memory Switch No.	Set value
19	2
20	1
24	1

## (2) Table of optional parts

Name of parts	Туре	Part No.	Remarks
Feed plate blank	Without knurl/Processed	14120109	For the stitich size 30 x 20
	With knurl/Processed	14120307	For the stitich size 30 x 20
t=1.2	Without knurl/stainless steel	14120505	t=0.8 For the stitich size 30 x 20
Work calmp foot face plate (asm.)		14121263	Face plate for presser blank
Presser blank	With knurl/processed (right)	14121701	For the stitich size 30 x 20
t=3.2	With knurl/processed (left)	14121800	For the stitich size 30 x 20
Needle hole guide	A=1.6 B=2.6 With relief slit	B2426280000	Standard type
	A=1.6 B=2.0 Without relief slit	D2426282C00	F and M types
	A=2.3 B=4.0 Without relief slit	14109607	For heavy-weight material
	A=2.7 B=3.7 Without relief slit	D2426MMCK00	For extraheavy- weight material
Finger guard (1)	A=56.5 B=64	13533104	
A B	A=59 B=74	13548300	For large size bartacking

Name of parts	Туре	Part No.	Remarks
Finger guard (2)	A=66.5 B=43	14135305	For lengthwise bartacking
Finger guard (3)	A=21.5 B=35.5	14120000	For specially ordered work clamp

## (3) Table of the work clamp foot

No. of the work clamp foot	1	2	3	4	5
		13518659 (asm.)		13548557 (asm.)	13542964 (asm.)
Work clamp foot		40			40 40 333.4 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4
	14116107	14116404	14116800	14116305	14116206
		(Without knurl)	(Without knurl)		
Feed plate	25 57 29	25 57 57 29 29	9:7	21.2	
Sewing specification	S	F	F	н	М
* Finger guard			13533104		
Remarks	Standard accessory for S (standard) type machine head.	Optional	Spplied with F (foun- dation) type machine head. (Depends on the des- tination)	Optional	Standard accessory for M (knit goods) type machine head.

\* Install a finger guard suitable for each work clamp foot when replacing the work clamp foot.

No. of the work clamp foot	6	7	8	9	10	11	12*
	13548151 (asm.)		13542451 (asm.)	1357195	5 (asm.)	13561360 (asm.)	14137509 (Right) 14137608 (Left)
Work clamp foot	500 277 33	5,4,326		5.6	23 241		
	13548003	13554803	14116602	14116503	14116909	14116701	14137707
				(Without knurl)	(Without knurl)	(Without knurl)	(Without knurl)
Feed plate	25 50 88 37.3	27.4		25	£2 ++ 5.6	22 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
Sewing specification	S	н	S	F	F	F	F
* Finger guard	1354	8300	13533104		1413	5305	
Remarks	Optional	Standard acces- sory for H (heavy- weight material) type machine head.	Optional	Optional	Standard acces- sory for F (founda- tion) type machine head.	Optional	Optional

\* Install a finger guard suitable for each work clamp foot when replacing the work clamp foot.
\* The presser bar No. 12 (optional) should be used for the standard patterns Nos. 41 to 46 (lengthwise bartacking).

## 9. Maintenance

## (1) Replacing the fuse



The machine uses the following three fuses:

- For pulse motor power supply protection 5A (time-lag fuse)
- For solenoid and pulse motor power supply protection

3.15A (time-lag fuse)

 For control power supply protection 2A (fast-blow type fuse)

## (2) $100V \leftrightarrow 200V$ voltage specification changeover

3-phase 200/220/240V type and single-phase 100/110/120V type can be changed over by changing the power source cable and changing over of the jumper.



Change over the jumper in accordance with the voltage used.

For the change of the connection of power source cable, refer to the item (Instruction manual (2)) of "Connecting the power source cord".

(Caution) When a wrong connection such as putting 200V type voltage at the time of setting 100V type or the like is performed, the printed circuit board is broken. Perform the change of connection after checking the voltage used.

### (3) Greasing parts

- (1) When the parts for greasing and grease sealing-in are disassembled and the operational frequency seems to be higher than usual around these parts, grease should be replenished once every two years.
- (2) Recommendable grease

This sewing machine uses four types of grease as specified below. The recommendable brands of grease are listed in (4) Parts to which grease is applied. According to this information, replenish the most applicable grease to these parts.

\* Use ① Lithium Type Consistency No. 2 for the parts where "Grease" is simply specified in (4) Parts to which grease is applied.

① Penetration No. 2 lithium grease

This type of grease is used in general sliding parts.

Maker name	Brand name
Esso:	Listan 2, Beacon 2
Shell:	Albania
Nippon Oil Co., Ltd.:	Multinok 2, Epinok 2
Kyodo Oil Co., Ltd.:	Lisonix 2
Idemitsu Petrochemical Co., Ltd.:	Coronex 2

2 Templex N2 --- Used for the feeding gear block.

10g tube JUKI Part No.: 13525506

③ Juki Grease A --- Used for high-speed sliding parts and their peripheral parts.

10g tube JUKI Part No.: 40006323

④ Juki Grease B --- Used, in particular, for the specific areas with highly loaded parts. Important: this grease must be replenished at the specified intervals of period, according to "(5) Grease-up procedures for the specified position."

10g tube JUKI Part No.: 40013640

#### (3) Method of greasing

If no grease pump is available, fill a plastic oilcan with grease. Otherwise, an injector without a needle can be conveniently used.

# (4) Parts to which grease is applied 1) Presser bar lifter area



#### 2) Wiper area





4) Thread trimmer area







7) Lower shaft area









#### (5) Grease-up procedures for the specified position



When sewing operation is repeated for a certain time period, Error Code No. E220 is displayed at the operation panel when the power supply is turned ON. This error code is used for the indication of the grease replenishing time for the specified parts. When you see this error code, replenish the grease specified below, without fail. After greasing, call the memory switch No. 245 and set up "0" with the reset key.

Even after the display of Error Code No. E220, this error code can be canceled by pressing the reset key and the machine can be used continuously. Since then, however, this Error Code No. E220 is displayed each time the power supply is turned on.

When the sewing machine is used further for the specified time period after the display of Error Code No. E220, Error Code No. E221 is then displayed. In this case, this error code cannot be canceled even though the reset key is pressed, and the sewing machine cannot work anymore.

Therefore, when this Error Code No. E221 is displayed, replenish the grease, without fail, to the parts specified below. Start the memory switch and set up the Memory switch No. 245 at "0" with the reset key.

- Cautions: 1. If the memory switch No. 245 is not reset at "0" after the replenishment of grease, Error No. E220 or No. E221 will be displayed again.
  - 2. For the replenishment of grease to the parts specified below, use the attached Juki Grease B
     (Part No. 40013640). If any grease other than the specified item is replenished, this can be a cause of destruction of parts.

1) Greasing to the eccentric cam area



- Open the upper cover and take out the grease cover
   .
- Remove the rubber cap ③ that is located beside the eccentric cam ②. Feed the specified grease (Juki Grease B ③).

2) Greasing to the oscillator pin area



- 1. Lay down the sewing machine body and remove the grease cover ④.
- Remove the set screw (a) of the oscillator gear (b) and screw in the Juki Grease B (b) into the threaded hole. This grease tube is attached with an accessory grease joint (c). Then, the grease can be replenished. (The amount of grease to be replenished is 0.74 grams.)
- 3. After the grease has been replenished, firmly fasten the set screw (6) that has been removed.

# 10. Table of errors

Indication	Name of error	Description of error	Corrective measure	Remarks
<u>E</u> 7	Machine lock error	The main shaft of the sewing machine does not rotate due to some troubles.	Turn OFF the power switch and remove the cause of troubles.	
[ <u>E</u> ] / []]	Pattern No. error	Back-up pattern No. has not been registered in the data ROM, or it is set to readout inoperative. Pattern No. is set at "0".	Press the reset switch and check the pattern No. Check the contents of memory switch No. 201.	
E 30	Needle bar UP position error	Needle bar is out of the needle UP position.	Turn the hand pulley to return the needle bar to its UP position.	
E 40	Sewing area over	The sewing area is beyond the limit.	Press the reset switch and check the pattern and X/Y scale rate.	This error is output when max. sewing area, 30 x 40 is over. Interference of the work clamp foot with needle is not protected
E 43	Enlargement error	The sewing pitch is beyond 10mm.	Press the reset switch and check the pattern and X/Y scale rate.	
E 45	Pattern data error	The pattern data cannot be adopted.	Turn OFF the power switch and check the data ROM.	
E 50	Temporary stop	Temporary stop by operating the reset switch while the sewing machnine is running. (Refer to memory switch No. 31.)	Re-start or return-to-origin after thread trimming by means of the reset switch (For the details, refer to the item "Using the temporary stop function", P.29.)	
E 220	Notice for the grease replacement time	Indicates that it is the time to replenish grease to the specified parts.	Replenish the grease to the specified part and set the memory switch No. 245 at [0] with the reset key. If the grease cannot be fed soon in the middle of sewing work, the error can be canceled by means of the reset key.	<ol> <li>9. Refer to Maintenance</li> <li>(5) "Replenishment of grease-up procedures for the specified position."</li> </ol>
E 221	Grease replenishment alarm error	The sewing machine stopped due to the expiration of grease replenishment time to the specified parts.	Replenish the grease immediately and set the memory switch No. 245 at [0] with the reset key.	<ol> <li>9. Refer to Maintenance</li> <li>(5) "Replenishment of grease-up procedures for the specified position."</li> </ol>
E 302	Head tilt error	Head tilt detection switch is turned ON.	The sewing machine cannot be operated withe the head tilted. Return the sewing machine head to its proper position.	

Indication	Name of error	Description of error	Corrective measure	Remarks
E 303	Z phase detection error	Detection of the upper dead point of the sewing machine cannot be performed.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN14 of SDC circuit board is disconnected or loose.	
<u>E 305</u>	Presser foot and thread trimmer position error	Presser foot and the thread trimmer is not in the proper position.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN66 of INT circuit board is discoonected or loose.	
<u>E 306</u>	Needle tread clamp position error	The needle thread clamp device is not in the proper position.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN65 of INT circuit board is disconnected or loose.	
E 730	Encoder trouble A	Encoder A or B phase cannot be detected.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether Cn14 is loose or disconnected.	
E 731	Encoder trouble B	Encoder U, V or W phase connot be detected.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN14 is loose or disconnected.	
E 733	Reverse rotation motor	The motor is reversing.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether coupling of the main motor is loose.	
E B 1 1	Overvoltage error	Power source voltage is beyond the specified value.	Check the power source voltage.	
E 8 13	Low voltage error	Power source voltage is short.	Check the power source voltage.	
<u>E 90</u> 1	Motor driver trouble	Error from the motor driver is detected.	Turn OFF the power switch and turn ON the power switch again after some time	
E 903	Stepping motor power source trouble	Power source of the stepping motor is not output.	Turn OFF the power switch and check F1 fuse of SDC circuit board.	Check the cause of blown- out of the fuse.
E 904	Solenoid power source trouble	Power source of the solenoid is not output.	Turn OFF the power switch and check F2 fuse of SDC circuit board.	Check the cause of blown- out of the fuse.
<u>E 905</u>	SDC circuit board overheat	Overheat of SDC circuit board	Turn OFF the power switch and turn ON the power switch again after some time.	
E 906	MAIN circuit board overheat	Overheat of MAIN circuit board	Turn OFF the power switch and turn ON the power switch again after some time.	
<u>E 907</u>	X origin retrieval error	X origin sensor does not change.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN62 of INT circuit board or CN42 of MAIN circuit board is disconnected or loose.	

Indication	Name of error	Description of error	Corrective measure	Remarks
<u>E 308</u>	Y origin retrieval error	Y origin sensor does not change.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN63 of INT circuit board or CN43 of MAIN circuit board is discoonected or loose.	
E 910	Work clamp foot origin retrieval error	Work clamp foot origin sensor does not change.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN64 of INT circuit board or CN44 of MAIN circuit board is discoonected or loose.	
<u>E 913</u>	Needle thread clamp origin retrieval error	Needle thread clamp origin sensor does not change.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN65 of INT circuit board or CN45 of MAIN circuit board is discoonected or loose.	
E 914	Feed trouble error	Timing lag between feed and main shaft has occurred.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether coupling of the main motor is loose.	
E 915	Communication error between panel and MAIN	Comminication between the panel and MAIN cannot be performed.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN34 of MAIN circuit board is loose.	
<u>E 916</u>	Communication error between panel and SDC	Comminication between MAIN and SDC cannot be performed.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN32 of MAIN circuit board or CN15 of SDC circuit board is disconnected or loose.	
E 943	MAIN memory write-in trouble	Memory write-in of MAIN circuit board cannot be performed.	Turn OFF the power switch and check the ins- rtion of ROM of U22 of MAIN circuit board.	
<u>E 946</u>	INT memory write-in trouble	Memory write-in of the head circuit board cannot be performed.	Turn OFF the power switch and check whether CN38 of MAIN circuit board is disconnected or loose	
(No display)	Abnormal power source Disconnection of connector	Power source voltage type is different. The connector is disconnected.	Turn OFF the power switch and check the power source voltage and check whether CN3 of FLT circuit board or CN13 of SDC circuit board is disconnected or loose.	

## 11. Troubles and corrective measures

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(1) Troubles and corrective measures (Mechanical parts)





# (2) Troubles and corrective measures (Sewing conditions)

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Trouble	Cause (1)	Cause (2)	Check and corrective measures
1. Thread comes off at the start of sewing	1-1) Stitch skipping at the 1st stitch 1-2) Length of thread remaining at the needle is not sufficient. 1-3) Length of bobbin thread re- maining is not sufficient.	1-A) Penetration registance of the thread against the cloth is small.	Decrease the sewing speed at the start of sewing. Use a thinner needle. (Lower the needle count to be used.)
		2-A) Tension controller No. 1 provides an excessive tension.	Properly adjust the tension controller No. 1.
		2-B) Floating of the AT thread tension disc is insufficient.	Adjust the amount of AT thread tension floating.
		2-C)Stroke of the thread take-up spring is excessive.	Adjust the stroke of the thread take-up spring.
		2-D)The thread take-up spring tension is insufficient.	Adjust the thread take-up spring tension.
		2-E) Level difference between the needle hole guide and the counter knife is excessively high.	Adjust the height of the counter knife.
		2-F) Needle thread tension is high and the thread is excessively stretched.	Adjust the needle thread tension.
		2-G)Thread spreading section of the moving knife has scratches.	Polish the thread spreading section of the moving knife with buff or replace the knife.
		3-A) Level difference between the needle hole guide and the counter knife is excessively high.	Adjust the height of the counter knife. (Otherwise, widen the gap.)
		3-B) Lower face of the needle hole guide has scratches.	Polish the needle hole guide with a buff or replace it.
		3-C) Thread spreading section of the moving knife has scratches.	Polish the thread spreading section of the moving knife with buff or replace the knife.
		3-D)Shuttle upper spring has scratches.	Polish the shuttle upper race with a buff or replace it.
		3-E) The bobbin thread tension is excessive.	Adjust the bobbin thread tension.
		3-F) The bobbin or bobbin case has scratches.	Polish it with a buff or replace it.





Trouble	Cause (1)	Cause (2)	Check and corrective measures
From the p	revious page From the p	revious page	
		2-E) Thread take-up spring tension is too low. 2-F) Length of the remaining needle thread is too long	Adjust the thread take-up spring. Properly adjust the tension controller No. 1.
		2-G)The specified inner hook and shuttle driver are not used.	Use the specified parts.
	4-3) Scratches on the shuttle driver.		Remove the scratches and polish with buff, or replace the shuttle driver.
	4-4) Clearance between the shuttle driver and the inner hook is too small.		Properly adjust the clearance between the shuttle driver and the inner hook.
	4-5) Scratches on the needle hole guide.		Remove the scratches and polish with buff, or replace the needle hole guide.
	4-6) Finish of the needle hole is rough.		Replace the needle.
	4-7) Thread take-up spring is maladjusted.	7-A) Stroke of the thread take-up spring is too large.	Properly adjust the thread take-up spring.
		7-B) Thread take-up spring tension is too high.	Properly adjust the thread take-up spring.
	4-8) Rotation of the inner hook is defective.	8-A) Race face of the shuttle is clogged with thread waste.	Remove the inner hook and remove the thread waste.
		8-B) Oil amount is insufficient.	Supply oil to the shuttle components.
	4-9) Needle thread clamp device	9-A) Needle thread length is inadequate.	Adjust the needle thread length and turn the needle thread clamp device ON.





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# (3) Troubles and corrective measures (Electrical components) (Refer to "Block diagram A")

Trouble	Cause (1)	Cause (2)	Check and corrective measures
1. No display at the operation panel	1-1)No supply of DC power.	1-A) AC power is not supplied.	Examine if a power supply is available at the power switch.
		1-B) The FLT board has no power supply.	Check whether an AC voltage is available between Pins 4-5 of CN1 in the FLT board. If no voltage is found, check the connections around the power switch.
		1-C) The SDC board has no power supply.	Check whether DC 280V is available between Pins 1-3 of CN17 in the SDC board. If no voltage is found, check the connections toward the FLT board. If there is no problem in connections, replace the FLT board.
		1-D) The MAIN board has no power supply.	Check whether DC 5V is available between Pins4-8 of CN31 in the MAIN board. Check the power supply for the SDC board unit and examine if there is short- circuiting in the 5V power system.
		1-E) The operation panel has no power supply.	Confirm that the cable from the operation panel is connected to CN34 of the MAIN board. If there is no problem in connections, replace the MAIN or PANEL board.
	1-2) Detection of a momentary interruption in the SDC board Led 3 on SDC board: Flashing 9 times	2-A) There is no connection between CN3 of the FLT board and CN13 of the SDC board.	Check the connection between CN3 of the FLT board and CN13 of the SDC board.
		2-B) No AC voltage is available between Pins 4-5 of CN1 in the FLT board.	When a sewing machine for 3-phase specifications is used in a 1-phase system, connect the power supply to red and white of the power cord led from the box.
	1-3) Difference in source voltage	3-A) High input voltage	Check the 100/200V selector cord in the FLT board.
		L	Check the source voltage.
2. Key malfunction on the operation panel	2-1)No signal transmission	1-A) Input circuit is out of order.	Replace the PANEL board.
3. Error E007 Machine lock error	3-1) The main shaft motor of the sewing machine cannot rotate.	1-A) The motor connector is disconnected or broken.	Check CN16 of the SDC board to see if there is any disconnection.
		1-B) The mechanism is locked.	Check the mechanism and look for the section that is particularly overloaded or whether screws are loose.
		1-C) The driver circuit is out of order.	Replace the SDC board.










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## 12. Circuit diagrams

#### (1) Block diagram A





N 3	1	
1	1	+85V
2	2	+85V
3	3	+24V
4	4	+ 5 V
5	5	+33V
6	6	PGND
7	7	PGND
8	8	DGND
N 3	2	
1234567890123456789012345678901234567890	1234567890123456789012345678901234567890 111111111112223456789012333333333333333333333333333333333333	Image: State



CN31						
	L-					
11	1	+85V				
2	2	+85V				
3	3	+24V				
4	4	+ 5 V				
5	5	+33V				
6	6	PGND				
7	7	PGND				
8	8	DGND				
C N 3	2					
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IN D			
		1.000	
1	1	+85V	
2	2	+ 8 5 V	
3	3	+ 2 4 V	
4	4	+ 5 V	
5	5	+ 3 3 V	
6	6	PGND	
7	7	PGND	
8	8	DGND	
N 3	2		
1234567890123456789012345678901234567890	123456789 012345678901234567890123456789012334567890	Image: State of the state o	



INT BOARD





PANEL BOARD

i.



## 13. Table drawings

#### (1) Table type for longitudinal Installation



• 4x2 drill depth 10 rear side (Table stand mounting holes)

- Drawer stopper mounting position (1 position on rear side)9 drill x20 depth Counterbore depth 17
- **3** JUKI logotype
- 4x8 drill
- **3**0 drill 51 depth Counterbore depth 16
- **6** Oil drain funnel mounting hole
- **3**x7 drill, depth 6

- 8 drill
- 2x2 drill depth 10 rear side (Power switch mounting holes)
- 17 drill
- 28 drill
- R2 (all periphery)
- Top of a table

For LK-1900A For LK-1901A For LK-1903A Part No.: 40006886

#### (2) Table type for lateral Installation



• 4x2 drill depth 10 rear side (Table stand mounting holes)

- Drawer stopper mounting position (1 position on rear side)3x7 drill, depth 6
- **③** JUKI logotype
- 4 8 drill
- **9** drill x20 depth Counterbore depth 17
- 6 4x8 drill
- 30 drill 51 depth Counterbore depth 16

- Oil drain funnel mounting hole
- 17 drill
- 1 28 drill
- 2x2 drill depth 10 rear side (Power switch mounting holes)
- R2 (all periphery)
- Top of a table

For LK-1902A Part No.: 40006887



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